

Eyes Scientifically Examined and
Glasses Fitted with Accuracy
—AT—
HAROLD J. SNELL'S
JEWELLER AND OPTICIAN

VOL. 13

NO 32

RED DEER, ALBERTA, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1917

Subscription \$1.50 per year

WAR NEWS

Do not judge a watch by the case
It is the movement that counts.
We are agents for all the leading makes. Con-
sult us before you buy.

HAROLD J. SNELL
WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER AND OPTICIAN

ITALIANS CONTINUE TO ADVANCE

GERMAN TROOPS TAKE RIGA

Austrians Here Lost 128,000 Men in One Offensive.

ROME, Sept. 3.—Italian troops have fought their way further forward in the Isonzo Valley in the district south of Gorizia, and repulsed a violent Austrian counter-attack on their new positions, the war office announced today.

The text of the statement reads: "On the front as a whole, the activity was mainly confined to the artillery. The firing was more intense east of Gorizia and on the Carso Plateau."

"In the Isonzo Valley, after a very bitter struggle we succeeded in advancing still more to the east and captured some prisoners. A violent counter-attack by the enemy was broken up by our fire."

"The number of prisoners captured on Saturday and Sunday on the Julian front was eight officers and 329 men."

advance, the Russian commander ordered an evacuation.

With the falling back of the Russians from the city proper and the advance of the Germans, the Austrians still defending around Delmen, seemingly are in danger of being caught between the two fast-moving bodies of the enemy and made prisoners.

DEVASTATING COUNTRY

Behind them the Russians in their retreat from Riga are leaving the country in waste, burning villages and farms. Whether the city itself remains intact has not yet been made known, but doubtless the ruins in the fortress and the ammunition stores were moved or destroyed to prevent them falling into the hands of the Germans.

Aside from the strategic value of controlling the Gulf of Riga, and base nearer the mouth of the Gulf of Finland, at the head of which Petrograd is situated, for the moment it is impossible to see the importance of the German gain.

Where the Russians will draw their new line in the north to connect with that below the point of penetration by the Germans also remains to be seen.

Public Meeting

A public meeting is to be held to-morrow evening (Thursday) at the City Hall at eight o'clock, to organize a campaign to raise funds for the relief of suffering in the stricken French towns and villages recently evacuated by the Germans.

Abundant evidence is available to show that the spite of the Hun was vent in full measure throughout the territory that could no longer be held. The able-bodied of both sexes were deported, the houses were plundered and wrecked, and what was left of the happy land of France tumbled into an abomination of desolation.

This is the first time that the people of Canada have been asked to show in a practical way their admiration for the gallant French nation, and their sympathy for those in France whose homeland has been devastated by the most awful war in history.

We in peaceful, happy and prosperous Canada are called upon to give to numerous families necessitated by the war. Should we not only be willing to give, but actually to contribute it in a practical way, to help all those who cannot help themselves. All citizens are invited to attend the public organization.

The campaign will close September 17th, as to do most good the relief must be rendered quickly.

DR. CLARK WILL STAND

The following letter was handed out for publication by Edward Michener, M.P.P., on his return from Ottawa on Monday.

House of Commons,
Ottawa, Aug. 22nd, 1917.

My dear Michener:

My letter to Mr. Smith, saying I would not be a candidate for Red Deer riding at the next election, was written when it appeared fairly evident to me that our country was in for a party fight.

It happily appears that there are still strong grounds for hope that a National or Union Government may be formed, having for its sole purpose the placing of Canada's entire strength into the final stages of the war.

Having regard to the strong representations you made to me today, I am now to say that "if a National Government is formed, and if a non-partisan convention of Red Deer riding supporting such National Government is of opinion that I am likely to be the most acceptable win-the-war candidate, I will place myself at the disposal of such non-partisan convention."

I am, however, in no way, and I see my way to be a candidate. I am taking this course very much against the interest of my health, but the sacrifice anyone of us can make on this side of the Atlantic is as distant in the balance, compared with the self-sacrifice of our brave defenders of civilization in France and Flanders.

With much appreciation of your kindness in giving me the information you have given me, I am, Sir, Yours very sincerely,
MICHAEL CLARK.

To the Editor of "The News":

Dear Sir.—The above letter from Dr. Clark, M.P., definitely states Dr. Clark's position. He consents to be a candidate if a National Government is formed.

Sir Robert L. Borden has done his part to bring about the realization of a Union, or National Government. First, he made the proposal to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and after consulting with his friends, declined the offer. Finally Sir Robert Borden conferred with the leaders of the Western Liberals with a view of taking in the Government men who would be acceptable to the Western Liberals, who were in sympathy with conscription and progressive prosecution of the war.

Mr. Arthur Sifton, who returned to Ottawa, with a condition of the arrangement that Sir Robert Borden should step aside as the leader of such Union Government.

Sir Robert's followers would not listen to this proposal, as they deemed it necessary that Sir Robert, who is in touch with conditions both overseas and in Canada, should remain at the head of any such union.

All loyal Canadians are looking to Sir Robert to carry on and support the men at the front by the mobilization of men and resources sufficient to do our full share in the great struggle until victory is won.

Sir Robert's followers are the obstructionists, that are being put in the way of Sir Robert Borden in the formation of a National Government. He will succeed in forming a strong "Win-the-War" Government, representative of the best interests of Canada, and I also believe the people of Red Deer will get behind Dr. Clark as a "Win-the-War" candidate, to support, as in the past, an active prosecution of the war.

E. MICHENER.

Liberals of Calgary

to Aid Borden

MEMBER OF WESTERN GRAIN BODY DIRECTORATE
P. S. Austin of Banffville, Alberta, elected a director of Calgary Grain Growers' Limited.

OTTAWA, August 31.—Sir Robert Borden has received the following telegram signed by eight Liberals of Calgary:

"The undersigned Liberals of Calgary wish to convey to you their hearty approval of your present attitude in respect to the formation of a national non-partisan government, and to assure you that the unselfish efforts which will be made on behalf of the country will have the support of many of the independent Liberals of Alberta."

(Signed)
"J. G. RUTHERFORD, J. M. CARSON, B. GINSBERG, A. L. SMITH, E. A. DUNHAM, A. D. CAMPBELL, W. KENT POWER, GEO. H. AILEN."

BORDEN'S REPLY

Sir Robert Borden replied as follows:

"I am deeply touched by your very kind telegram and say my warmest thanks. You may be assured that no effort will be spared on my part to form a union government based on the support of all loyal men of good will."

(Signed) R. L. BORDEN.

YOUNG CABINET MINISTER
RISING

Hon. Arthur Meighen, until recently Solicitor General of Canada, and just sworn in as Secretary of State at Ottawa.

Union Now In Hands of Westerners

Ottawa Men Agree to Leadership of Sir Robert Borden

OTTAWA, Aug. 30.—The question of the formation of a union government on a fifty-fifty basis is now entirely up to the western Liberals. It is their move. The Conservative caucus has overwhelmingly endorsed Sir Robert Borden, and has made it plain that it will not accept union except under his leadership. If the western men who were negotiating with the premier are sincere—and Sir Robert thinks they are—they will enter under his leadership, and union will be consummated as soon as the house prorogues which will be very shortly.

If they were only playing politics, then they will reject Sir Borden's leadership and official union is dead. There will be no more negotiations. However, even that does not mean that some Liberals will not be taken into the cabinet. If the official Liberals reject the proposals, then Sir Robert will still recognize those members of the Liberal party outside of the machine organization who agree with the Conservative party as to the need of an aggressive war. But any men taken in will be as individuals, not as representatives of any party organization.

THINK WESTERNERS WILL AGREE

Union advocates at Ottawa are of the opinion that the western men will agree now to the Borden leadership. They think they have no alternative. They have, by agreeing to the leadership of Sir Robert Borden, with the consent of the western party, repudiated Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Western public opinion, they think, will force them now to accept Borden's leadership. The western members of the western party, such as W. A. Buchanan, Dr. M. Clark, J. G. Threlk, Robt. Cruse, and George McFarlane. They are still all strongly in favor of supporting Sir Robert Borden as leader. They have recognized from the first that he was the only possible leader and had little sympathy with the attitude of the western leaders.

Eastern Liberals "win the war" leaders are equally strong in endorsing the Borden leadership. John M. Giffey, chairman of the Ontario "win the war" party, issued a statement last night in the effect that, in his judgment, Sir Robert Borden was the only leader in sight, and that his disavowal from the leadership was "not only impracticable, but undesirable."

The result of the caucus was a tremendous personal triumph for Sir Robert. The caucus enthusiastically endorsed his leadership, and gave him a free hand for the future.

Military Notes

Ivan Fisher, who was reported dangerously wounded last week, and came to his injuries, according to word received by relatives on Saturday. He was wounded on August 10 and died the same day. He was the eldest son of Mr. Fred Fisher, who formerly resided at Poplar Ridge and Red Deer, and who has been serving in the Red Cross in England for the past two years. Ivan, since the death of his mother, made his home with his grandmother and aunts, Mrs. C. T. Thompson, and Mrs. E. G. Boddy. Ivan attended the Red Deer schools and then entered the service with the 51st Battalion, and had been in the trenches since June, 1916. He was 22 years of age.

The following casualties have been reported since our last issue in this district:

Pte. I. Parels, gassed.

Pte. C. T. Thompson, wounded.

Pte. Chas. Kenworthy, wounded.

Pte. M. R. Bowman, wounded.

Pte. J. C. Springstead, wounded.

Pte. Fred. Parnell, wounded.

Pte. J. A. Magnusson, wounded.

Pte. Geo. Mahen, wounded.

Pte. Ray Thornton, gassed.

Pte. W. L. McFarlane, gassed.

Pte. R. A. Postill, wounded.

Pte. J. C. Fleming, wounded.

Pte. Parels, was wounded. He was a member of the 187th and was a son of T. Parels, Hara Hill.

Pte. Springstead is a son of Wm. Springstead, and joined on with the 187th. He is suffering from a gunshot wound in the head.

Battle of Verdun

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.—(Via Reuters) The German chief of moving troops at French army headquarters emphasizes the fact that the battle of Chemin-des-Dames, in which the French army has been engaged for the past four months, has been as bitter, as obstinate and as bloody as the battle of Verdun last year.

WASTAGE TWICE AS GREAT

During the period from the 5th of May to the 20th of August, 1917, thirty-five fresh German divisions had been engaged in the battle, making a total of forty-nine. During the same period last year the enemy engaged twenty-five divisions at Verdun, and it must be remembered that this period includes the heaviest fighting at Verdun. The French took 5,800 prisoners at Verdun in this period of 1917. These figures clearly show the difference of German effectiveness on Chemin-des-Dames has been almost twice as great as at Verdun, and even allows for the fact that the fighting strength of a German division is considerably less than last year. It is evident that the battle of Chemin-des-Dames has been even costlier to the enemy than at Verdun.

GREAT NUMBER OF GUNS

The German chief of moving troops makes it difficult to calculate their real artillery strength on the Aisne front, but there is every reason to believe that we have before us as many as the enemy had before Verdun last summer. The Germans have from ten to a dozen batteries for every thousand yards of front, or an average of one battery per hundred yards. Over 200 batteries have been reported to have been in the narrow sector for a single attack.

Roll of Honour

Lieut. J. Weir, of Carleton, well known as one of the popular officers of Col. Robinson's battalion, is reported to have made the supreme sacrifice.

Lieut. Hubert Sidney Ritchie, 24th Battalion, V.B.C., is reported killed on 15th of August. Lieut. Ritchie was a partner with Eric Brook, east of the city, and joined on with the 12th C.M.R. He was afterwards given a commission in the 24th Battalion of Montreal, and will be remembered by a number in the city.

Mr. Cavillthorpe, of Pine Lake, will have sincere sympathy in the death of a son on August 15th of her son, W. M. Cavillthorpe.

Schools Re-Open

The Red Deer schools re-opened on Tuesday with an attendance of over 450 which will probably reach 500 by the end of the week. The High School Grade will be strong this year. Principal C. D. Locke thinks the attendance will be the greatest in the history of the school.

The following is the High School staff: Principal—C. D. Locke; Miss Nelson, and Miss Gooding.

NORTH SCHOOL

Mrs. McKay, Grade VIII.

Mrs. Ramsey, Grade VII.

Mrs. Creelman, Grade VII.

Mrs. Bradley, Grade VI.

Mrs. Cole, Grade IV.

Mrs. Ebert, Grade III.

Mrs. Myrtle Smith, Primary.

SOUTH SCHOOL

Miss Springstead, Grade II and III.

Mrs. Parke, Primary.

NORTH SCHOOL

Mrs. Nuremberg.

The annual convention of teachers of the Red Deer inspectorate will meet in Red Deer this year on Thursday and Friday preceding Thanksgiving Day.

BIRTHS

In Red Deer on Friday, Aug. 24th, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Huet, a daughter.

The remedies so far adopted have proved useless. All food available is reserved for the army, and a general famine seems inevitable.

Battle of Chemin-des-Dames

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Edwell and District

September 1st, 1917.

Cutting is general ground here, and everything points to a fine crop.

Victor Ellis had to go to the hospital on Monday last, and is now on an appendicitis, and the last word is that he is going on slowly.

Chick hunters are busy today judging from the sound of shots all around. What a pity it is that some people will not wait for the season to open, as shooting has been going on for the last three weeks, especially on Sundays. Some folks have no regard for the laws, and it would be a pity to have a good game preserve here.

The Edwell Red Cross Sewing Circle meets next Friday at the residence of Mrs. Andrew Morrison.

The postmaster has received a letter from his son, who is in the front, and he says that the boys over there are delighted that conscription has gone through, as they are busy in need of men.

Another member of the Edwell Local U.F.A. has been inquisitively this time it is W. Ellis, of Inausit,

LEUC SHOTS HIMSELF

WHEN PURSUERS NIGH

Alleged Principal in Montreal Dynamite Outrages

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—Information reached here today that Joseph Leclerc, alias Handfield, alleged to be a principal in recent dynamiting and other acts of violence in Montreal in the vicinity of Montreal, shot and killed himself on Sunday when about to be captured in the neighborhood of the St. Lawrence river, near the city of Montreal.

Henri Monette, alias Girard, another alleged principal, and J. A. Tremblay, also declared to have been in the vicinity of the dynamiting, were this afternoon being pursued by a posse of special police from Lachine and were said to be headed toward the Laurentians.

MAJOR AND POSSE FOLLOWS

A posse was sworn out by the mayor and followed the strangers in the neighborhood of the city of Montreal, and just outside Lachine came upon three unknown pedestrians. When ordered to explain their presence there, two of the strangers fled across the field, firing at the officers with their revolvers, and the third man, declared to be Leclerc, made off to avoid capture. The posse was almost upon him a shot rang out and he was found on the point of expiring.

Leclerc, or Handfield, was a member of the 68th battalion as a private and was promoted to the rank of sergeant. He deserted at Valcartier. He was sentenced to death in 1914, but was paroled for two years, but after having served only a few months he was allowed out on ticket-of-leave.

CHIEF OF GOOD FAMILY

On the face of a good family and influential friends in this province. This man was also a member of the 68th and trained at Valcartier. Both men were admitted to conscription in crime. Monette, a competition speaker who has assisted the authorities in ferreting out the criminals involved in the attempt to murder Lord Althorpe and his family at Cartiersville, has confessed, so it is stated, that Leclerc and Monette had planned to murder a number of members of Montreal parliament secretly removed the car-riage from their revolvers, just prior to their getting out on their murderous mission.

Alberta Farmers' Live

Stock Bulletin

Cattle: The fall run seems to have started in earnest and both the quality and quantity this week showed a big improvement over the previous week. Top cattle were in good demand and \$8.75 to \$9.50 was freely bid on good heavy fat cattle that were suitable for export. Choice butcher steers from 1000 to 1200 were sold at from \$7.50 to \$8.50 and the higher common butcher steers from \$7.25 to \$7.75. We sold some extra good cows at \$7.00 and \$7.50 and full bred cows at \$7.25 and \$7.50 with the common butcher cows selling at \$5.50 to \$6.50. Good fat calves and oxen sold steadily at, perhaps 25c per hundred advance over last week, as there seemed to be a good demand for Eastern shipments. There were a few stocker 2-year-olds mostly selling at \$6.75 to \$7.00. There were not many enquiries for yearlings and stocker cows, and very few changed hands this week.

Top prices for cattle a year ago, \$8.00.

Hogs: After the previous week's high prices, the offers on hogs seemed very low, and everybody held on to their hogs. There was a few low hogs in the country, and it is not likely that prices will be any lower in the immediate future.

Top prices for hogs a year ago, \$10.65.

Sheep: Very few sheep were on the market, and prices were practically the same as last week.

Steers, extra export 8.50-9.00

Steers, fat, extra choice 7.75-8.25

Butcher 7.25-7.75

Heavy butcher 7.25-7.75

Cows, choice 5.00-5.50

Cows, common 5.25-6.00

Canner cows and oxen 5.00-5.50

Oxen, fat 5.00-5.50

Thin or fair oxen 3.50-4.50

Stocker, 2-year-olds 6.75-7.00

Light feeding steers 6.50-7.00

Springers, choice 7.50-8.00

Springers, common 7.00-7.50

Fat bulls 5.25-6.00

Sheep, good wool 11.00-11.50

Wool, 10.00-11.00

Lambs, choice fat 12.00-12.50

Hogs, select, weighed off carcass 10.00

Salted hams, no shrinkage, 10c.

Poplar Ridge

Mrs. Patton and Miss Myrtle Morton returned to Red Deer on Monday after visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. Atkins.

Neil Lamont, R.N.W.M.P., of Regina, was the guest of his father last week. We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Geo. daughter of Mr. Lamont, is seriously ill in the Calgary hospital with typhoid fever.

Miss Olive Stock returned to Olds on Monday, after spending a week, the guest of Miss T. A. Strong.

School opened yesterday with Miss Annie Reinhold as teacher.

MARRIAGE

At the Manse, Red Deer, on Tuesday, September 4th, by the Rev. W. G. Brown, Miss Mildred Beatrice Bradley to Mr. Rupert Lawrence Clark, both of Leslieville, Alberta.

PROFESSIONAL

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pupils for examination in the same.
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VETERINARY SURGEON.
F. A. McEwan,
Veterinary Surgeon
Honorary Graduate of Ontario Veterinary
College.
Office—Hewson's Barn
Residence—Michener Hill. Residence Phone 21.

James A. McCreight V. S.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
OFFICE—Palace Library, Phone 17
RESIDENCE—Phone 27

**Synopsis of Canadian North-
west Land Regulations.**

The sole head of a family, or any
male over 18 years old, may homestead
a quarter section of available
Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskat-
chewan or Alberta. Applicant
must appear in person at the Dom-
inion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency
for the District. Entry by proxy
may be made at any Dominion Lands
Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on
certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon
and cultivation of the land in each
of three years. A homesteader may
live within nine miles of his home-
stead on a farm of at least 80 acres,
on certain conditions. A habitable
house is required except where resi-
dence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader
in good standing may pre-empt a
quarter-section along-side his home-
stead. Price \$3.00 per acre.
Duties—Six months residence in
each of three years after earning
homestead patent; also 50 acres ex-
tra cultivation. Pre-emption patent
may be obtained as soon as home-
stead patent, on certain conditions.
A settler who has exhausted his
homestead right may take a pur-
chased homestead in certain districts.
Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must
reside six months in each of three
years, cultivate 50 acres and erect
a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject
to reduction in case of rough scrub-
by or stony land. Live stock may
be substituted for cultivation under cer-
tain conditions.
W. W. CORY, C.M.O.,
Deputy of the Minister
of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of
this advertisement will not be paid
for.—41358.

C.P.R. Time Table

Train service commencing June 24:		
NORTHBOUND		
No. 521 (daily)	Arrive Lethbridge	3.20 3.30
No. 523 (daily except Sunday)	Arrive Lethbridge	10.40 10.55
No. 525 (daily)	Arrive Lethbridge	10.40 10.55
SOUTHBOUND		
No. 522 (daily)	Arrive Lethbridge	3.50 3.55
No. 524 (daily except Sunday)	Arrive Lethbridge	11.45 11.50
No. 526 (daily except Sunday)	Arrive Lethbridge	18.25 18.30
KERRROBERT		
No. 530, Kerrrobert (daily except Sunday)	Arrive Lethbridge	10.10
No. 529, from Kerrrobert, (daily except Sunday)	Arrive Lethbridge	18.15
ALBERTA CENTRAL		
No. 614, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	Arrive Lethbridge	10.15
No. 615, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	Arrive Lethbridge	13.30

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companies in the world who
have stood unimpaired through
war, panic and conflagration and
who are paying every honest loss.MAY WE SHOW YOU SOME
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Gaetz Avenue S.
(Opposite Gaetz-Cornett's.)
RED DEER, ALTA.WOMEN OF TURKEY
SATISFIED WITH LOT

Harem Life Agreeable to Those Who
Have to Put up with It—Mother-
in-law Rules Average House

While the life of Turkish women is no longer that of female slaves to arrogant, polygamist husbands—not they have made great progress to-
wards a more free and emancipated
life during the last few years—they
still seem content to adhere to various
manners and customs which, in the
past, have had so much to do with
Turkey's general deterioration. The
Imperial harem, for instance, in spite
of certain changes and certain priv-
ileges accorded to the Imperial Ot-
toman Princesses and princesses, still re-
mains a harem in the real sense of the
word—part of an Oriental house ex-
clusively kept for the use of women.

Across its threshold no man may
enter, and one gathers some idea of
the still somnolent character of Tur-
kish women from the fact that although
the inmates of the harem are always
asked four times at the end of each
year whether they would like to marry
and leave, they invariably prefer to
remain. "And yet," says Miss Grace
Ellison, in "An Englishwoman in a
Turkish Harem," one of these women
seem to live in the least to feel their
slavery, and no doubt they would turn
their backs in horror on the ugly, un-
protected existence of some of the
women of my country."

The Witty Pasha
Polygamy, according to Miss El-
lison, does not exist nowadays in Tur-
key, or at least it is very exceptional.
Even many members of the Imperial
family content themselves with one
wife. The reason for this is only too
obvious. "When four wives are added
to their pasha's four illors of the land,"
said a witty pasha, "there was some
sense in polygamy, but not when
they buy their dresses at Paquin's!"

One of the strangest phases of Tur-
kish married life concerns the position
of mother-in-law. "I know no Tur-
kish wife," says the authoress, "who
does not live either with her husband's
or her own parents. Some parents
make it a stipulation before consent-
ing to their daughter's marriage that
she shall still live with them, and have
met some parents who have re-
fused good marriages for their daugh-
ters simply because they could not
allow them to leave their home. The
Turkish mothergrows her son to marry
as soon as possible. He marries be-
fore he can even keep himself. His
family sees nothing extraordinary in
the fact that they have not only to
keep him, but his wife and family."

All-powerful
The mother-in-law, apparently, is
all-powerful in the Turkish household.
It is she who is the head of the house,
who sits in the place of honor, who is
first greeted, who gives permission to
do such and such a thing, and who is
called by her daughter-in-law Ham-
mam Efendi (bathhouse lady).

In regard to the choice of a hus-
band, it is interesting to note that the
Turkish woman now demands, at any
rate, the privilege of talking with the
man she is to live with before her
fate is signed and sealed. "She does
not have the opportunity," says Miss
Ellison, "of knowing him as we Eng-
lishwomen know our future husbands,
but she can at least know whether he
will 'go on her nerves,' in which case
she refuses to marry him. Judging
however, as she still does, by instinct,
she generally chooses at least a man
whose physical appearance pleases her.
Many women, however, have
owned to me that they accepted their
husbands not with any feeling of
gratitude or delight, but rather with
one of profound thankfulness that
they were no worse."

ARMORED AUTOMOBILES

First Practical Use of the Most
Modern War Machine

Armored cars are undoubtedly a
progressive offshoot of the armored
trains, and are said to have been first
designed and tested by the German
army for the use of officers in the field.
Covered with thick armor plates
or further defended by steel hoods,
these vehicles provide admirable pro-
tection for the occupants, and are
capable of carrying a driver and five
men comfortably.
The chassis, which is long, low, and
strong enough to travel over really
rough ground, is driven by an engine
of high-horse-power, which enables the
car to travel at least 80 miles an hour.
The wheels are of the artillery pattern,
and are protected with circular steel
shields, so that the tires are the only
vulnerable points; but even when
these are burst, new wheels can be
shipped at a moment's notice. The
hood and wooden body are entirely
cased in steel, the latter being pro-
vided with flap loopholes for rifle fire.
As will be readily understood, four
or five riflemen placed in the car
and practically impenetrable fort can
do an enormous amount of execution
in a very short space of time; but,
in addition to rifle fire, they bring
the mitrailleuse, with which each car
is equipped, to bear also.

Brass Band Composed of Lepers.
On the Island of Colon in the Phil-
ippine archipelago, it is to be heard the
most select and remarkable brass
band in the world. It is made up
wholly of lepers, banished there to
a living death, for the island is the ha-
ven and retreat for the lepers of the
United States possessed in the far
east. The total population of the is-
land is in the neighborhood of 4,776,
all of whom are under treatment

STRICKEN IN THE
STREET

Completely Restored To Health
By "Fruit-a-lives"

382 St. Valere St., MONTREAL.
"In 1912, I was taken suddenly ill
with Acute Stomach Trouble and
dropped in the street. I was treated
by several physicians for nearly two
years, and my weight dropped from 225
pounds to 160 pounds. Then several
of my friends advised me to try 'Fruit-
a-lives'. I began to improve almost
within the first day, and by using them
I recovered from the distressing
Stomach Trouble—and all pain and
Constipation were cured. Now I weigh
208 pounds. I cannot praise 'Fruit-
a-lives' enough. H. WHITEHEAD,
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.
All dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-
a-lives Limited, Ottawa."

Fiery Speeches by
French-Canadian
Members

Montreal Gazette, Aug. 20.
However great a success yester-
day's Liberal assembly at Joliette
may have been to the anti-conser-
vative cause, it proved to be a dis-
tinct personal loss to Mayor Martin
of Montreal. During one of his
most violent outbursts, he gesticu-
lated freely, with the result that the
stone in his ring became loose and
fell to the pavement. When it was
picked up, it was found to be in
pieces. His Worship accepted his
loss with his usual sang-froid, sim-
ply remarking that it was a willing
sacrifice on his part to a great
cause.

Fiery speeches were in order
at the meeting. All of the orators
spoke with conservatism and de-
clared it as the work of a corrupt
and autocratic government. Sir Wil-
frid Laurier was held out as the only
man in Canada able to "guide the
ship of state safely through the
stormy seas it is now navigating."
The horden government was termed
the "government of millionaires and
trusts." The audience seemed to be
in entire sympathy with the ideas
expressed by the orators; the ap-
plause was frequent and prolonged.

Mayor Martin was the principal
speaker of the day. He opened fire
in a jocular vein, but soon settled
down to business. His denunciation
of the conservatism bill was extreme-
ly violent. He declared that the bill
was a "piece of legislation which
would do more to ruin the country
than any other bill ever passed."
He launched a violent attack
against England, saying that he had
not seen her duty, and advised Can-
ada to fold her arms and wait until
the other allies did their share.

Voluntary enlistment had failed to
bring the government of Germany
and negligent in providing for
the dear ones left behind by those
who had gone overseas to defend the
sacred cause of liberty. "I have
been assailed at my office," he de-
clared, "by returned soldiers who
do not have five cents with which
to buy something to eat."

The Mayor praised the patriotism
and intelligence of Sir Wilfrid Laur-
ier, who he said, in his opinion, had
been due to an wholly accurate exist-
ing between Borden, Monk and Bourassa.
The great chief had been tempted by
the offer of a coalition government
but, like our Savior in the desert,
had answered: "Get thee behind me,
Satan." "But he will live again,"
he shouted. "In a few months you
will see him returned to power by
an overwhelming majority in all the
provinces, even in Ontario."

He accused the government of cor-
ruption in awarding munition con-
tracts to foreign countries while
laborers in this country were starv-
ing. His speech ended with a prayer
that Providence intervene and save
the French-Canadians, pioneers of the
country.

Corruption Alleged
Particular stress was laid upon
the crisis which the province of Que-
bec is facing today by Hon. Jacques

Bureau, M.P. for Three Rivers. He
declared emphatically that, without
Sir Wilfrid Laurier at its head, the
French-Canadian race would be ex-
tinct in a few years. He felt sure
that this year the people would not
let themselves be caught in a trap
as they had in 1911, when they elec-
ted a government which he termed
"the most corrupt in the world, not
even excepting Russia." He flayed
the Canadian Northern rail, calling
it the most audacious attempt to
rob the people he had ever witnessed.
The Government was accused of cor-
ruption in the purchase of horses and
medical supplies for the army, and
Sir Robert Borden was rebuked for
not having brought to justice the
culprits who were responsible for
such scandals.

He foresaw great calamities for
his race if they did not remain calm
in their hour of distress. "The Eng-
lish," he said, "are trying to pro-
voke us in order to exterminate us.
They will not be content with kill-
ing us; they will violate our wives
and daughters; they will treat us as
the Germans did the Belgians did the
and the inhabitants of Northern France."
M. P. A. Seguin, M.P. for L'As-
somption, compared the Borden Gov-
ernment to a man in the street who
despair at the sight of death creep-
ing upon him. "They fear the judg-
ment day, which is coming," he said,
"and when every clear-sighted Con-
servative will condemn them. Most
people counsel calm and prudence in
these present events. For my part,
I declare that, when my class is
called to go to the front, I will
go to jail rather than submit to the
law, and I will advise all those who
are in the same predicament to fol-
low my example."

To prove that Sir Wilfrid Laurier
is the victim of slander, he quoted
the words of Canon Walsh advising
all good Protestants to vote against
the Liberal chief, because he was a
Roman Catholic. He then quoted
the words of a Catholic priest, employed
by the church to betray the interests
of the English-Canadians.

Washington, D.C., Aug. 28.—Pres-
ident Wilson has rejected the pope's
proposal.

In a note dispatched last night and
made public here tonight the presi-
dent says that while every heart not
blinded and hardened by the terrible
war must be touched by the moving
appeal of his holiness, it would not
fully to take the path of peace he
points out if it does not in fact lead
to the goal he proposes.

Deal with such a power as the
present rulers of Germany upon Pope
Benedict's plan, declares the presi-
dent, would involve a repudiation
of the federal and a repudiation of
policy of the world dominated of that
power, now balked but not defeated,
after sweeping a continent with the
fire of its guns, and slaughtering mil-
lions as well as of soldiers.

Permanent peace must be based
upon the faith of all the peoples and
upon justice and fairness and the
common right of mankind, and he
adds: "We cannot take the word of
the present rulers of Germany as a
pledge for anything that is reason-
able, unless explicitly supported by
such conclusive evidence of the will
and purpose of the German people
themselves as the other people of
the world would be justified in ac-
cepting—without such guarantees,
treaties of settlement, agreements
for disarmaments, covenants to
themselves, as the other people of
force, territorial adjustments, re-
stitutions of small nations, if it
grude with the German government.
No man, no nation, could now de-
pend on it."

CLIP THIS AND PIN
ON WIFE'S DRESSER

Cincinnati man tells how to shrivel
up time or callus on any
lift off with fingers.

Ouch ! ! ! ! This kind of rough
talk will hurt, less than the
people troubled with corns will follow
the simple advice of this Cincinnati
man who claims that a few drops
of a drug called frezone when ap-
plied to tender, aching corn or hardened cal-
lus stops soreness at once, and soon the
corn or callus dries up and lifts right
off without pain.

He says frezone dries immediately
and never inflames or even irritates the
surrounding skin. A small bottle of
frezone will cost very little at any
drug store, but will positively remove
every hard or soft corn or callus from
one's feet. Millions of American women
will welcome this announcement since
the frezone will save them the trouble
if your druggist doesn't have frezone, all
him to order a small bottle for you.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Are You Preparing for Winter?

If not, you should, and to be absolutely
sure of a supply you should start now to
stock up.

We sell the best that money can buy, and
our values are unequalled, but we are un-
able to guarantee these prices for any
length of time as the mines will not guar-
antee prices to us for twenty-four hours.

GALT COAL	
Lump	\$7.75
Nut	\$6.00
BANKHEAD HARD COAL	
Furnace	\$9.75
Nut	\$7.75
Briquettes	\$7.25
SAUNDERS CREEK COAL	
Lump	\$7.50
Nut	\$6.50
BANNER COAL	
Lump	\$6.00
TOFIELD COAL	
Lump	\$5.50

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mercial Course, Physical
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Fall Term/Opens September 11, 1917
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MISS M. G. MILLAR, B.A. Lady Principal.
REV. N. D. KEITH, B.D., M.A., President.

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Every educational facility provided. Students prepared for the Univer-
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Art, Voice Culture, Domestic Science, Physical Culture, Dramatic Art, Etc.
The School aims at the Moral as well as the intellectual development of
its students with a view to a high standard of efficiency. A thoroughly
qualified staff.

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Residence Pamphlet.
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EXPRESSION
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Culture, Dramatic Art & Literature

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Prompt Attention—Quick Service
Dry Wood For Sale
\$2, \$2.50, \$3.00 a Rick.
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Block south of P.O. Phone 122A "Wanted" Ad. in The
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CHEVROLET FOUR-
NINETY
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J. S. OSHAWA
The Chevrolet valve-in-head motor is the short road
to power so that Chevrolet owners find their gasoline bills
very low.
The perfected mechanism means little friction, insuring
minimum oil expense.
The lightness and perfect balance of the Chevrolet
insure maximum tire mileage.
Electric starting and lighting system, and speedometer
are part of standard equipment.
Chevrolet Motor Co. of Canada, Limited
OSHAWA, ONTARIO
WESTERN SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTING BRANCH: REGINA, SASK.
CHEVROLET
MICHENER BROS



A MIS-NAMED BIRD

The Laughing Jackass is Doleful Rather Than Jolly

As a matter of fact, the laughing jackass cries more than he laughs, and, as he doesn't look much like a jackass and doesn't act like one at all, it's not easy to see why the Australians call this comical-looking bird the laughing jackass. But that's the best name he has and no one ever heard him complain about it.

As any Australian bushman can tell you, the laughing jackass is not a cheerful bird to meet in the "bush" on a dark night. As soon as he hears



a human voice he tries to imitate it, and he puts up such a dismal kind of cry that one thinks of yawning graveyards and ghosts. It's this braying, doleful cry, no doubt, that won him his name of laughing jackass.

But, in spite of his voice, the squatty little bird was greatly misused if ever he left his happy home in Australia. They look to him there to eat up all lizards and other crawling pests that damage crops and do other harm. These squinty things make the best kind of dinner for the laughing jackass. So even if his laugh does turn out to be a cry he has his uses in the world.

RUSSIANS HATE GERMANY

Some Reasons For It, Too—Both Religious and Commercial

The Russian hostility to Germany is akin to the Russian dislike of the Jew. The Russian business man finds himself hopelessly outclassed by the Jewish German, with his keen attention to efficiency, to saving, to all the details of his business. So even thousands of Russian merchants who have seen the business of their towns go into the hands of their German rivals.

As far as the peasants are concerned, the Germans are atheists, and for that reason the natural enemies of the most religious people in the world. In Russia it is said and believed that the English church is very much like the Greek Orthodox Church, and the fact that this is not so, does not prevent the Russians from hating it, and from regarding the British as natural allies. German efficiency, moreover, has had to carry a handicap in Germany lack of tact, as is well shown in the German Embassy building in Petrograd. This enormous and pretentious building, larger even than the Russian State offices, and in striking contrast to the old-fashioned offices of the British Embassy, is surrounded by a monstrous group in bronze, two gigantic horses led up from the west by two naked giants. The Russian have seen in it an allegory of Germany proudly advancing in Russia, and have deeply resented it. One of the first acts of the war was that of the Russian mob that tore down this flaunting challenge.

ONE LIFE FOR MANY

Ballor on Mine Sweeper Sacrificed Himself to Save His Shipmates

During a gale that swept the North Sea, one of the trawlers engaged in mine-sweeping was seen to be in difficulties. One of the seamen, James Paton, was astride the gulf at the moment when a great wave caught the vessel, sweeping everything off the deck and carrying away the mainmast.

After this there was only one chance for those on board, and that was, of course, to cut everything clear. But James Paton was clinging, and was, to the broken spar, and his mates said that if they cut the tangle away poor Paton must go with it.

They hesitated. But not so James Paton. Seeing that the sacrifice of one might save many, he gave the signal himself, saying: "Chop away, mate!" and "Good-bye, lads!" And thus perished another humble hero on the roll of British fame.

AID FOR SHIPS IN FOG

Radio Waves and Compass Used in Making Calculations

Wireless apparatus designed to help ships groping in fog to determine their positions soon will be established at Cape Cod by the United States Navy Department. The apparatus has been perfected such an extent that it will be possible to locate an enquiring ship after measurement of the radio waves by the points of the compass.

A ship enquiring by wireless first might be informed it bore S.B.E. point E. Upon the receipt of a second message from the same shore station half an hour later, showing a change in the compass points, the navigator, knowing his vessel's speed, would be able to determine his position on a chart with accuracy. The apparatus is of foreign origin.

Folded paper drinking cups, bound together like a check book, are a novelty for travelers.

ABSORBING C.N.R. SAVES CANADA HUNDRED MILLION

Sir Robert Borden Makes an Important Statement of Government Policy

OTTAWA, August 30.—The third reading of the Canadian Northern bill will be carried today under the closure rule. Notice to this effect was given by Sir Thomas White on the eve of the adjournment last night, of a debate on an amendment to the motion for third reading moved by Hon. William Pugsley. The amendment was one providing that the award of the board of arbitration that will fix the value of Canadian Northern railway stock to be purchased by the government must not be accepted until approved by parliament.

When the adjournment of the debate was moved by E. M. MacDonald, Sir Thomas White gave formal notice of closure Thursday stating that the debate had already been in progress for two weeks and it was necessary that the bill should be disposed of. He added that with the consent of the house the leader of the opposition, if he desired to speak, would not be confined to the time limit of twenty minutes.

GOVERNMENT POLICY

During the course of the debate, Sir Robert Borden made an important speech outlining the probable policy of government in regard to railways in the future. He said that when the government acquired the Canadian Northern railway, as far as he was concerned, he would devote his best energies to making the operation of the road as efficient as any line in Canada. He regarded it as impossible for any department of the government to undertake the management of a great railway system. However, this was a matter for the next parliament to solve. He believed it was necessary for the railways and the government to get together in the immediate future and deal with the possibility of having a system of cooperative management of all railways of Canada. The dominion had nearly forty thousand miles of railways. He did not pretend that this was too much but the mileage was not properly distributed. We should have less transcontinental lines. Without co-operation in management there will continue to be unnecessary and absurd duplication of lines.

EXPERTS CONSULTED

Sir Robert went on to say that in studying this bill it had been borne in upon him that the acquisition of the Canadian Northern railway by the Canadian Pacific railway would result in the saving by the Canadian Pacific railway of one hundred million dollars in construction. He thought that by co-operative man-

agement this sum could be saved to the country. Sir Robert said that he had gone into this question with a number of railway experts and he believed that such a system could be carried out. It would produce no important results—it would save enormous sums of capital expenditure and would reduce operating expenditure.

Mr. Pugsley, in moving his amendment, disclaimed any intention on the part of the opposition to prolong the debate on this bill more than was necessary. He thought that the government had been ill-advised in resorting to the closure. "Some regrettable scenes took place and I am sorry for them," remarked the member for St. John, amid laughter. The government, he thought, would get along better with this and other legislation were it to display more regard for the members of the house. Closure had been invoked only thirteen days after consideration of the bill was taken up in committee, although in the meantime other business had been disposed of. He presumed that the third reading had been moved in order that the government might give notice of closure on the third reading. Such a step, he said, would be ill-advised, because it would create the impression that the government wants to force the bill through without giving the house ample opportunity to discuss it.

Dealing with the merits of his amendment, Mr. Pugsley said that the Canadian Northern railway and other owners of stock would present the most favorable statement to the arbitrators. The Bank of Commerce and other pledges would tell the arbitrators that they must consider the commercial value of the stock as enhanced by knowledge of the purchase of the road by the government.

RED CROSS NOTES.

Mrs. T. Meeres, Clearview. \$25.00
Proceeds of sale of flowers and vegetables, donated by exhibitors at Horticultural show. 10.15
Miss Clarke. 10.50
Amount subscribed by the young people of Willowdale for Life Membership for Mrs. G. Smith, "as a token of sympathy and esteem for Mrs. Smith and her family." 25.00
Sale of neckties. 35
Mrs. Tallman, pair of sleeping socks. 25.00

LIFE MEMBERS

Mrs. G. Smith, Willowdale.
Mrs. T. Meeres, Clearview.
MOLLIE TAYLOR,
Assistant Sec'y-Treas.



Duck Shooting Begins

The shooting season for wild geese and ducks opened Saturday, and while the official date for the close is set at Dec. 15th, the season will really end with the coming of the ice upon the lakes. The legal limit states that not more than 30 ducks shall be killed in any one day by any one person nor more than 200 ducks shall be killed in one season by any one person.

Chicken Shooting Illegal

No partridge, pheasant, ptarmigan or prairie chicken shall be killed in the province of Alberta before Oct. 1st, 1918. There is no open season for these birds this fall.

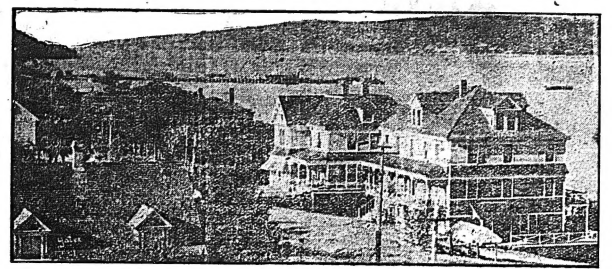
The only shore birds that may be killed are the Black Bellied Plover, the American Golden Plover, Wilson's Snipe, the Greater Yellow Legs and Yellow Legs, the open season for which is from Sept. 1st to Dec. 15th. All other shore birds are protected. Swans and cranes are protected for ten years under the international treaty with the United States.

Game guardians and travellers report that ducks and geese are fairly plentiful. The international treaty abolished the spring shooting of ducks and geese and this has tended towards a marked increase in the mating and raising of large numbers of young ducks in the lakes and sloughs of the northern part of the province for the birds were not disturbed in the spring.

Sheep and Goats

The season for mountain sheep and goats is open from Sept. 1st to Oct. 14th inclusive. The season for hunting deer, moose and caribou is open from Nov. 1st to Dec. 14th inclusive. Licenses must be secured the same as was the case last year. The fees are \$2.50 for a resident's big game license; \$2.50 for resident's big game license; \$1.00 for a resident farmer's big game license; \$5.00 for non-resident's big game license, and \$5.00 for non-resident's general game license. The limits on the number of big game allowed to any one person is the same as last year.

A Haunt of Legend and Romance



Digby Basin and Long Pier, Nova Scotia.

PARRBORO Shore with its rock bound coast of lofty crags and high walled jagged islands washed by mighty tides, the scenes of Indian legends and the struggles between the French and English, and the residence of a more modern race of hardy voyageurs, is a name little known to the tourist, but one that has an ineffable charm for him who has visited this nook of Nova Scotia.

This was the home of Glooscap, mighty god of the Micmacs. Here one finds the Five Islands, lofty and steep-sided, late in the Basin of Minas, pebbles dropped by the mighty Glooscap, so says the folk lore of the simple Micmacs. Attracted by their isolation, it is believed that Capt. Kidd, the infamous and successful pirate, buried here his treasure trove; and many are the deep yawning holes to be seen in these wild and eerie islands where the bold have braved the guardian spirits of the dead pirate chieftain to find out this gold and jewels, bathed in the blood of gentle women and brave men.

Spencerville Island, the Indians tell you, was formed when Glooscap over-turned his melting pot; and the smaller islands near by are not common islands—they are Glooscap's dogs, turned to stone as guardians of their master's melting pot. Many are the Indians still to be found here and they believe that some day the great spirit of Glooscap will return to them; and then his chosen people will again rule over the land.

And here is Partridge Island—like a lonely Micmac, rich in the beautiful amphitheatres—the home of Kitpoogagunaw, the mightiest fisherman of the Micmac legends. He it was who embarked in his huge stone canoe, harpooned

the whale, tossed it into his craft as if it were a trout; and when he landed, he it was who split the loaves of the deep with one blow of his great stone knife, tossed one half to Glooscap, and himself ate the other.

It was from the lofty cliffs of Partridge Island that a French warrior, pursued by the English, leaped to his death on the rocks hundreds of feet below. And later, it was here a blockhouse was placed when England feared the raids of Yankee privateers in the stirring days of 1812.

With such traditions, little wonder it is that here was developed a bards sea faring folk. Sometimes the wife and her children accompanied the sea captain as he sailed his tiny schooner to the four quarters of the earth; but more often, he sailed away alone and for months the mother reared his children alone and superintended the, and with this land of Evangeline.

A Nova Scotia limousine.

Here one finds beautiful farms, thick forests, save for here and there a clearing where one can get a view of the magnificent sweep of the Basin of Minas, the islands of Blomidon, and of the shores ten miles across the sea of silver, shores dotted with orchards and the white roofs of the farm buildings.

Men who have travelled the world over have come to Nova Scotia and declared the scenery along the Basin of Minas the fairest of it all, have marvelled at the mighty surge of the wonderful lakes with their unique rise and fall of sixty feet, and have spent their summers in its cool, invigorating climate. A comfortable steamboat, service operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway connects St. John, New Brunswick, with this land of legends bold and noble mountains, and with this land of Evangeline.

Great Victory Would Cause German Crisis

Germany Nearing Exhaustion of Man-Power

LONDON, Aug. 31.—"If we can win a big and important military victory this autumn it promptly will precipitate a serious political crisis in Germany," a high official said today.

"Germany is nearing the exhaustion of her man-power, as shown from the fact that a great number of the prisoners now being captured are under seventeen and a half years old. I personally have received a letter from a German boy of this age, who said he was called last spring but exempted then, because the medical examiners found he was growing too fast, and was not strong enough for service. Other wise he would have been taken then, indicating that the Germans months ago were taking all the boys of

seventeen who possibly could be useful at the front. Conditions latterly are more serious than they were then."

That the German authorities are greatly concerned over internal conditions is shown in the recent tightening of the frontiers. It now is almost impossible for Germans to get permission to enter adjacent states or for citizens of neutral states to pass into Germany. During the first year of the war, 200 Germans arrived daily in Denmark. Now four arrive daily.

Our Fall Stock of Sweaters and Underwear

We have just finished placing in stock our full stock of Ladies' and Men's Sweaters, Mackinaw Coats and Underwear, making the most complete stock of these goods we have yet carried, the prices are right, the goods are of the best, make your choice early.

MEN'S Fall Sweaters

We have a very nice line of Men's Sweater Coats in all the popular colors and latest styles, prices from

\$5.00 to \$9.00 each

An excellent line of Men's Sweater Coats in grey, brown and maroon at

\$2.75 and \$3.00

Boys' Sweater Coats

This is an excellent line for a school sweater for your boy

at \$3.25

Childs' Sweaters

Childs light wool and cashmere Sweaters, just the article for school wear, at

\$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.95

MEN'S Heavy Work Shirts for Fall

We have secured a nice line of Men's Military Plannel Work

\$2.00

MEN'S Underwear

Penman's Ribbed Union Suits for men at **\$3.50.**

Penman's Light Weight Union Suits for men at **\$1.65.**

Imperial Brand Light Weight Union Suits for men at **\$2.75.**

Natural Wool Underwear for men, light weight for early fall, an excellent buy at **\$3.25 suit.**

LADIES' Kid Gloves

Fine French Kid Gloves, white with black and black with white sewn seams at **\$2.25 per pair.**

Fine quality plain kid Gloves in black, tan, and white at **\$1.95 pair.**

Black Suede Gloves at per pair **\$1.50**

Patent Leather Middy Belts

Colors black, green and red at

50c each

Cotton Laces

Just the article for trimmings, in 12 yard bolts priced from

25c to 75c per bolt

Veils

Slip-on Veils, colors brown and black at

15c each

Georgette Crepes

Just received a nice shipment of these goods, colors white, pink, and maize at

\$1.75 yard

Silks

A nice new shipment of silks in paillette, duchess and taffeta, these are excellent goods and the prices are right.

Men's Heavy Work Boots for Fall

We have a complete line of these goods at prices from

\$3.50 to \$6.50 pair

Ross Street

T. A. GAETZ

Red Deer

SATURDAY SPECIAL OAP ALE

A Soap you need. A Soap you want and you can get at

NORRIS' DRUG STORE

Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 25c.
Castile Soap, bars, 25c.
Baby's Own Soap, 10c cake
Na Du Co. Baby Soap, 3 cakes 25c
Vaseline Toilet Soap, 3 cakes 25c
Purity Bath, 2 cakes for 25c
Ye Olde English Bath, 2 cakes for 25c
Cream of Olives, 3 cakes for 50c
Miss Dainty, 3 cakes for 25c
Infant's Delight, 3 cakes for 25c
Nyal's Face Cream Soap, per cake 25c
Nyal's Skin Soap, per cake 25c

Just Remember where to Purchase your Drug Store wants and Take Advantage of the Offer.

R. H. NORRIS

Sunday Hours—10 a.m. to 11 a.m., 2 p.m. to 3 p.m., and 6.30 p.m. to 7.30 p.m.

ALL PHONE and MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY DELIVERED

The News

RED DEER ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave. South

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\$2.00 a year to the United States

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 5, '17

DR. MICHAEL CLARK
CONSENTS TO STAND

In this issue appears a letter from Dr. Michael Clark signifying his willingness to stand as a candidate for a National "Win-the-War" party, in Red Deer constituency. The letter was written to Edward Michener, M.P.P., and Mr. Michener, in publishing the letter, also makes a few comments.

Dr. Clark thinks that this is not a time for political division, but that the loyal people of Canada, of both parties, should in one accord join their forces to meet the common foe and strive to help the boys who are shedding their hearts' blood for us on the fields of Flanders.

Dr. Clark has been offered many seats in Canada. The Calgary Argonaut says he could win out in any seat in Alberta. We believe it. But we do not for a moment believe that our loyal citizens would consent for a moment to see him go elsewhere. History will show that he has stood nobly to his guns with a singleness of purpose, true as steel, which will reflect lustre on those who elected him. We believe he will be elected by a large majority, as a number of loyal Liberals, some of them with boys at the front, have already expressed themselves as decidedly in favor of doing all in their power to elect him. The News will support Dr. Clark in a National Win-the-War party campaign against either a Tory or a Grit, as our political difference in our opinion can stand to the end of the war.

FIGURES THAT TELL ABOUT CANADA'S PART IN THE WAR

Enlistments in Canadian overseas forces	392,642
Active militia, called out	9,052
Permanent Force	2,470
Enlistments for Canadian Navy	3,310
Sent to British Naval Service	1,000
Imperial Mechanical Transport Service	1,300
Reservists from Canada	21,250
Total	434,529

Actually left country up to May 1, 1917	312,563
Still in Canada training (in addition to 9,052 on guard duty and 1,470 of permanent force, making a total of 35,997)	25,475
Casualties among Canadians up to June, 1917	99,630
Prisoners of war	2,375
Saw service in France or the East	175,000
Workmen and inspectors on munitions work	304,000
Factories	630
Orders in 1917 estimated	\$700,000,000
Advanced by Canada to secure these orders	250,000,000
Other orders executed by	

INSULTING THE ENGLISH

Le Devoir publishes a letter from Mr. J. E. Deaie, 627 St. Catherine street east, calling upon his compatriots to resist tyranny. "I cannot resist," he says, "from protesting against this most unprecedented draconic, despotic and oppressive measure ever heard of in the annals of democracy. This measure is simply an attack upon the liberty of the press, guaranteed to us by the British North America Act. Why," he asked, "is no mention made of the English slavers, who by thousands are refused and hiding in this country, thanks to our generous hospitality, while our brave French-Canadian volunteers are marching to wards destruction with the smile on their lips as at Chateaugay, in order to defend Great Britain and not Canada as some pretend. Why, I ask, should we send a greater number of our sons and brothers to shed their rich and generous blood, of which we have so great a want at home, while these degenerated and cowardly Englishmen remain at home to insult our daughters and sisters in the streets? I wish to remind the Government that we live in a democratic country, and, anyway, I deny the competency of a Government whose mandate has already expired to impose this detestable law. My brothers of the province of Quebec, let us arise en masse to protest against a law which is being imposed upon us. Let us unite and protest to our Gracious Sovereign, who, being just and impartial, will know how to give us justice and respect liberty."

MONTREAL POLICE STOP SEDITIONARY MEETINGS

After Hard Struggle, When Clubs Are Used Freely, Crowd Is Dispersed

MONTREAL, Aug. 31.—There was no anti-conscription meeting in this city tonight. Two attempts at such meetings were quickly subdued, and after ineffectual attempts at holding a parade and the police using their clubs freely the demonstrators were finally dispersed. It was not an easy victory for the police, however.

An announcement was made last night and again today by Jean Beaudry, secretary of the National anti-conscriptionists, that a meeting would be held tonight on Champ de Mars in front of the city hall. Again the announcement was made on behalf of the police that this meeting would not be permitted. Two hundred persons were gathered on hand. The constables took no action until Joseph Leclaire, a speaker at several meetings recently, standing on an embankment, called out to the crowd to act as chairman.

POLICE CLOSE IN
As a man in the crowd who volunteered for this office was making for the front, the police closed in on the crowd and made a search for concealed arms, at the same time hustling those present and keeping them moving. Two arrests were made. Three loaded revolvers were picked from the ground, where they had been thrown by the crowd. It was seen that a search was unavoidable. The men arrested, Armand Langlois, aged 22, and Xavier Gauthier, aged 22, will be charged with illegally carrying concealed weapons.

The greater part of the crowd kept together after leaving the grounds, and at the corner of Dorchester and Beaudry streets there was an attempt at a meeting. The police again intervened, and the crowd of seven or eight hundred men and boys was in a measure dispersed.

FOR MAYOR MARTIN
A party of about 300 young men proceeded to the residence in Logan street, of Mayor Melrick Martin, M.P. There was a large crowd of men and boys. A member of his household came to the door, however, with the information that Mayor Martin was in Ottawa.

From the residence of his worship the mayor this party then proceeded, assuming more noisy all the way, and appearing in a destructive mood toward Maisonneuve. Along the way they lowered a number of street light poles and lamps and smashed others. A window was broken in the offices of the Bank Hochelaga, at the corner of Ontario and Aylwin streets, and glass was smashed in the store of Dufrault and Reed at the corner of Ontario and LaSalle avenue. A raid on this store was immediately interrupted when a party of police caught up with the militants and the crowd dispersed.

Before the anti finally gave up the contest for "free speech" they made a stand at St. Catherine and St. Denis, near Laval university. The police, using their clubs freely, dispersed the gathering. This proved the hardest problem they had yet encountered, but after the several hundred violent outbreaks of conscription had three turned to the attack, the police won out.

NEVER MORE ARRESTED

MONTREAL, Sept. 1.—The authorities still preserve still and press less to have no information to give out concerning their actions toward anti-conscriptionists. It was learned this morning from a reliable source that seven more anti-conscription agitators have been placed behind the bars. The authorities are said to have complete information concerning the recent dynamite outrage, and a number of other arrests are expected to follow by the end of the month. The names of those already arrested could not be learned.

AWFUL PLIGHT OF FRENCH PEASANTS

Recaptured Towns and Villages in France Were Rubbish Heap

So much has been said of Germany and the Germans that the mere sight of the word "German" in cold print makes one feel inclined to the along to happen, and not without experiencing a cold shudder. Fortunately there are but few people left in Canada today who would only not forward a plea for Germany on the grounds of learning and culture. This number would rapidly diminish were they given the opportunity of paying a visit to the western front to see for themselves the utter destruction the retreating German forces have left in their train. With all hope of victory gone the Hun seemingly puts himself out to pillage, burn and absolutely destroy every piece of territory he occupies previous to evacuation, believing, presumably, that the unchanging sight of wanton destruction will so depress the heart of his enemy as to force an earlier peace. Harrowing narratives of German barbarism are published in "The French Wounded Emergency Fund Magazine," accounts which fairly take one's breath away. It discloses beyond doubt that the plunders and burning of French towns and villages is premeditated and is part and parcel of the German military programme. In this war-strewn area only the aged, weak and babies in arms are left by the Huns to grapple with an unknown future, with not even a vestige of a home standing in the whole shell-torn area. The able-bodied men and women (boys and girls of 14 years and over) have been deported to Germany—literally forced into bondage. But what makes the saddest reading in the unfolding of one of the most gruesome stories of the war is the reference made to the young women who are left with the Huns children in their arms to share the fate of the old and decrepit as if to remind them through life of German lust and tyranny. What a future for these poor unfortunate! The future of some is even now pointed by the more fortunate people who will be expected to rebuild the future destinies of France. An appeal for money is now being made in the newspapers in behalf of The French Wounded Emergency Fund. This Society was founded to render emergency relief to destitute and suffering dependents of French soldiers to succour the wounded and to rehabilitate families in the devastated and devastated portions of France and has as its patron H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.

The French Wounded Emergency Fund follows every advance on the Western Front, and endeavors to instill a ray of hope in these poor people, who are almost too numbed with suffering to realize they are no longer under the heel of the oppressor. It is entirely independent of other organization and looks to charity for its support. It is under the authority of the French Government, and is the only organization undertaking this particular work of restoration. Judging from the names of the prominent people in Winnipeg and Western Canada who have identified themselves with the appeal for funds, a large measure of success should attend the effort.

LABOR SHORTAGE LARGELY A MYTH

With harvest well advanced in the southern portion of the province, and cutting fairly started in the north, the seriousness of the labor problem is considerably lessened. A canvass of employment agencies this morning revealed the fact that, while in some cases there is a shortage of help, this does not apply to harvest operations. One employment agency stated that they had been no difficulty in obtaining men at the ruling wage of \$4 a day. Where farmers declined to pay this price, they failed to get help. In a few isolated sections the shortage had been felt, but when farmers in these districts communicated their wants to the source of supply there has been little difficulty in securing the desired relief.

Wm. Grant, of the provincial employment agency, reports that over 1,800 men have been sent out from the government office during the month. Mr. Grant affirms the statement that the labor shortage has been largely a myth. "There has been no acute shortage anywhere that I know of," he said. "On several occasions there have been fifty and sixty men around my office waiting to be sent out. There are more men around this year than last, and I have no doubt but what every want will be filled. Orders for threshing gangs have been coming in during the past week. The provincial office closes for the season on Saturday."

Another labor agent stated that he had experienced no difficulty whatever in securing harvest hands, though it was quite an effort to induce men to go out to laboring jobs such as railway work. It has also been hard to get men to go out by the month, most of them preferring to take their chances on day work. It is not anticipated that the threshing season will be as long as last year, and it will be practically finished by the end of September in the south, provided fair weather prevails.

Another Interpretation of the Convention

(Edmonton Journal)

The following is a translation of part of a long article on the Winnipeg convention that appears in Le Patriote de l'Ouest of Prince Albert: "Without doubt the venom of the serpent remains still concealed in the principal resolution of the convention, defining the attitude of the Liberal party of the west on the question of the war. The politicians skillfully concealed an equivocation there. Nevertheless we must note that the convention was called upon to give an interpretation and this was inconceivably hostile to conscription. "It was an old Liberal partisan, the incorrigible conscriptionist member for Assiniboia, who made the move. An ardent imperialist and very little of a diplomat, this brave man wished at any price that the carrying on of the war, shatter of the equilibrium of the world, should be pronounced on the real question after all whether it approved of conscription or not. The manner in which his amendment was received asking that the words "by conscription if necessary" be added to the principal motion concerning the carrying on of the war, shatter of the equilibrium of the world, by an enormous majority the convention pronounced against his amendment and the difficulty which he had, even on making himself heard, was no great doubt as to the true sentiment of the majority of that assembly. In his obstinacy in wishing to impose the decision of the convention, he allowed it to be proved to what an extent the west, without wishing too much to know it, is hostile to conscription. "This gives us the key to the proceeding to follow in the approaching elections in order that the west respond to the real sentiment of the population. It is to call upon the candidates to pronounce themselves in favor of the old and decrepit as if to remind them through life of German lust and tyranny. What a future for these poor unfortunate! The future of some is even now pointed by the more fortunate people who will be expected to rebuild the future destinies of France. An appeal for money is now being made in the newspapers in behalf of The French Wounded Emergency Fund. This Society was founded to render emergency relief to destitute and suffering dependents of French soldiers to succour the wounded and to rehabilitate families in the devastated and devastated portions of France and has as its patron H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.

The French Wounded Emergency Fund follows every advance on the Western Front, and endeavors to instill a ray of hope in these poor people, who are almost too numbed with suffering to realize they are no longer under the heel of the oppressor. It is entirely independent of other organization and looks to charity for its support. It is under the authority of the French Government, and is the only organization undertaking this particular work of restoration. Judging from the names of the prominent people in Winnipeg and Western Canada who have identified themselves with the appeal for funds, a large measure of success should attend the effort.

The only course which is open to them, in view of the use which is being made of their votes by Le Patriote, Le Devoir, Le Canada, and other out-and-out anti-conscriptionist newspapers, is to repudiate the decision of the convention. They must, if they do not wish to be associated with the sentiments expressed in these newspapers and to the opinion of the editor, be invited to "go and save the Empire where they wish." But we are told that this saving process cannot be done in the Canadian parliament.

The inclusion of Dr. Neely, the mover of the resolution that the Tories, and the others who support this latter is the most surprising feature of the Prince Albert paper's article. It can only mean that, in the opinion of the editor, he was simply being used, as a Dominion member who had voted for conscription, to lead other conscriptionists in the convention into sullying themselves.

A Chain of Teas

We want to tell you of a "chain of teas." To purchase food comforts for our boys overseas. Each lady will ask just four of her friends. And collect ten cents from each one who attends. Then these four, soon after, will each have a tea. And this never break the chain. To help our soldiers is the only aim. The first week in September we shall start the chain. And for just one month let us work might and main. The I.O.G.E. has sponsored this scheme. And those who support—know what it will mean. To send food comforts far over the sea. To those who are fighting for you and me. While the work for each lady will be very small. The money thus raised will gratify all. So please give support to some one of these teas. All good to help our brave soldiers overseas.

Brumpton & Gaetz Limited

Here are a few of our

READYTOWEAR HATS

We pay delivery charges to out-of-town customers. You take no risk in ordering by mail, for we will cheerfully take back any hat unsatisfactory to our customer, and refund the purchase price.

Velour Sailors—medium and extra large brims, in blue, brown and black, \$3.75, 4.00, 5.00, 5.25
High, Black, Plush Toques \$5.25
Two Toned Flop and Mushroom Felt, \$4.00 & 4.50
White Felt Sport Hats, straight brims and crush shapes, also White Felt with Copen. blue striped crown and faced with same color; White Felt, green checked crown or with mustard checked crowns and faced with colors to match From \$1.85 to 7.50 each
New Oriental Ornaments and Mounts for Hat Trimmings 85c. to \$1.75

The first consignment of our "Northway Garments" has arrived. Here are a few of them: delivery charges paid to out-of-town customers and money back if you wish.

SUITS

Navy Blue Military Serge Suit, trimmed with buttons and military braid \$35.00
Navy Military Serge Suits, with belted box pleated coat, large collar, trimmed with braid \$28.50
Green Military Serge, belted coat, with new style of pockets and collar \$30.00
Green Military Serge, larger pockets and military collar, trimmed with bands of narrow black velvet \$30.00
Green and Brown Mixed Tweed Suits, trimmed with velvet \$15.00

COATS

Stylish Plush Coats with wide belts and deep collars, lined with attractively colored cloth \$30.00, \$35.00, and \$40.00
Mixed Tweed Coats in Browns, Greys, Greens, and Blues, with raglan sleeves, and trimmed with deep collars and fancy belts, \$13.50, 15.00, 19.00, 20.00, 23.50, 25.00, and 27.50

UNDERSKIRTS

Nice new Satin Underskirts, Rose, Paddy, or Purple trimmed with wide flannels and pleated frills, \$4.50 each

Any of the above mentioned goods will be delivered by mail, to any point in the Province, free of charge

Deckajulie English Tea Breakfast

60c. per lb. 45c. per lb.

"IT MAKES THE BUTTERFLY"

PHONE 26

Nearflannel

The soft cosy material that is so much used now-a-days in place of Flannelette. Ranks high in the estimation of all women folk that have used it. The clean looking range of patterns adds greatly to selling qualities, and its soft knap finish makes it first favorite

27 inches wide.

Per yard, 25c

Save at least 10 per cent on

Flannellette Sheets

For Fall. It's well worth while saving 10 per cent. with the assurance of delivery of the goods. We have good reason to believe that by Fall the prices on Flannellette Sheets will be advanced 10 per cent. easily over our present prices.

10 x 4, White or Grey, with Pink or Blue Border,	\$1.95
11 x 4, " " " "	\$2.25
12 x 4, " " " "	\$2.45

A Large Quantity of Remnants

Has accumulated after a busy season's selling, and to effect a speedy clearance a whole table full will be thrown out at

H-A-L-F P-R-I-C-E

For Friday and Saturdays selling. There's bound to be something you need amongst a collection of this class. Curtain Scrims, Cotton, Prints, Silks, Lace, etc., etc., all at one half.

JUST A FEW PIECES OF WHITEWEAR TO BE DISPOSED OF AT EXACTLY ONE HALF

Ladies' Drawers, Corset Covers and Drawer Combinations, and Skirts, Children's Skirts and Gowns. Just one of a line, that must go out to make room for Fall Goods.

Half-Price

FANCY HATPINS, Unbreakable Pearl Heads in colors of Pink, Brown, Grey, and Blue, tempered steel stems.

15c each.

Two for 25c

GOLD PLATED PINS, strong and neat, 2 for 25c.

Here's Value in Ladies' Light Weight Hose

Fast dye, spliced toes and heels, side seam. A hose well worth half as much again what we ask for them. In black only, sizes 8½, 9, 9½, and 10

Per pair - 19c

A heavier weight, very suitable for immediate wear. A hose of full fashion, seamless, and of fast black dye. This is an old leader, when the present stock is exhausted the price will be 50c a pair.

Special 35c pair.

3 pairs for \$1.00.

All sizes.

Those Delightful Crepe-de-Chenes

In dainty Shades of Rose, Nile, Pink, Sky, Copen, and Navy. The identical material for Evening Wear.

Offered at 63c per yard

NEW FALL SUITS

FOR MEN AT \$25.00

Serviceable and dressy Suits in Navy, Brown, and Gray. English Worsteds in new Fall Models in Three Button Coats. They are tailored by expert workmen, and nothing but the best material used throughout.

Specially priced - \$25.00

Suits for the Boys

You will have no difficulty in getting what you want for the Boy's Schoolwear, as our stock is very complete in styles, and at very reasonable prices.

SERVICEABLE SCHOOL SUITS

\$5.00, \$5.95, \$6.95

We have no hesitation in recommending these suits for Schoolwear, although very low priced as values run today. Made from good strong quality Tweed in Dark Brown effects, tailored in Norfolk Style with bloomer pants, well lined and finished. Sizes 24 to 35

Boys' & Girl's Shoes

At Prices much below the Present Values

"Boy Scout" Boots for the boys, in good value Box Kip leather, made over comfortable fitting lasts with good weight. Sewed soles.

Sizes 11 to 2, price - \$2.95

Sizes 2½ to 5, price - 3.00 & 3.75



Early Purchases, coupled with quantities and reliable qualities, place us in the position whereby our service is second to none. By dealing with us you are assured of Fairness in all transactions, and \$ value received for every dollar paid.

A Cash Business Means Money Saved to its Customers.



Among the nine ideal models in

GOSSARD CORSETS

The short slender figure is the mode which strikes the happy medium, notwithstanding the fact that we are in a position to fit any form in this distinctive ideal corset. The short, slight woman will find in the many Gossards designed for her figure a priceless comfort in the free modeling of the hips and the light pliable materials with only enough boning to gently round the figure to that graceful side silhouette so difficult for the slight woman to attain. The waistline is perfected and the bust line given the appearance of more fullness. In the Gossard you are never conscious of your corset: it supports without restriction and gives you the delight of unrestrained movement.

Moderately priced from \$3.50

Wanted

We require a few intelligent young ladies in our Millinery Department as Apprentices.—Application should be made at the Store.

Seersucker Crepe

The ideal washing fabric and requires little or no ironing. For cheap frocks for children and womens dresses and waists it is unsurpassed. Light grounds with black and coloured sprig and spot designs. Width 27 in. Regular 25c.

Special - 19c

Plain Voiles evenly woven in pink, champagne, rose, and black, 40 in. wide, reg. 50c,

Special - 32c

In the Nick of Time did this Shipment of

UNDERWEAR

Arrive, and we consider ourselves fortunate to receive such a splendid selection under present market conditions. This first consignment (which hits the \$1,000 mark) is of the renowned Turnbull's make, and comprises a choice stock of every undergarment for both women and children, at prices unbeatable, values considered, and the pleasure will be ours to show you anything you require.

BUY EARLY AND SAVE MONEY

A Pillow-Case Special

Worthy of the attention of every housewife. This offering of Pillow cases is undoubtedly an opportunity you must avail yourself of if you would be economical. At the regular price of 60c this line is considered a little better than good value, but for a few days you may purchase those pure cotton slips for 49c pair, large size and neatly hemmed

Special - 49c pair

40 inch DRESS POPLINS

Thoroughly Mercerised. Will retain the finish. In colors of Navy, Brown, and Grey. A very serviceable material of smart appearance. 40 in. wide, regular from 85c yard

Special - 69c

SPORT SKIRTS OF DUCK AND PIQUE

In White and Cold Grounds for Ladies young and old. As a week-end special you may considerably on Novelty and Sport Skirts. Skirts of excellent washing quality and durable One is of Light Tan Denim, with Sancer Spot of Blue and Green, has front fastening, patch pockets with shirred top, hangs full at back from belt. This is a particularly useful skirt, suitable to any waist.

Special - \$2.19

Hair Nets

3 for 5c

Hair Nets

Quality Hair Nets in Light, Medium, and Dark Brown. Strong, fine mesh, with elastic. A net well worth 5c each.

Special - 3 for 5c



THIS
96
PIECE

DINNER SET

Made of best English Semi-Porcelain, Grecian Design.

Exceptional Value at \$33.00

TEAPOTS

Plain Brown Teapots, well finished

20c, 40c, 50c

Fancy Moulded Brown Teapots, usually sold at \$1.00

Our Price - 85c

EVERY-

THING

for the

KITCHEN



Lipped Saucepans

Two Coats Enamel.

25c, 30c, 40c, and 50c

DOUBLE BOILERS

Two Coats of Enamel

\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.60, \$1.95

SALT & PEPPER SHAKERS

Loaded Bottoms, Cannot Upset

25c per pair

BOYS' SCHOOL WEAR

BOYS' NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

In neat designs and exceptionally well made, with collar attached or with band and separate collar and soft cuffs. All sizes

Special - 75c

BOYS' CAPS

In Eton and Golf styles, in Tweeds and Serges.

Prices - 35c to 95c

BOYS' BLOOMER PANTS

In Tweeds and Worsteds in patterns and colors suitable for school wear. Sizes 22 to 35

Prices - 95c to \$2.25

BOYS' JERSEYS and SWEATER COATS

Our stock is very complete and you should get one for the boy while the sizes are complete

All sizes 22 to 32

Prices - \$1.25 to \$3.75

THE
W. E. LORD Co., Ltd.

GIRLS OF TO-DAY ENJOY LIFE FULLY

Author of Dodo Tells Why They Have
Better Time Than Those of
Generation Ago

Edward Frederick Benson, prophet of the New Woman, has written a New Dodo. Seated at the fire in his London study, hung with blue china, he talked wittily of women as he knows them.

"The first Dodo," said he, "was militant against Victorian conventionalism. Dodo the Second is a daughter of the old Dodo and though she has the same originality of character she is different in many respects. Less impulsive, more studious, she is deep in social problems. Never had Dodo reasoned before she acted.

"The girl of to-day is absolutely different from the girl of 20 years ago. Two things have helped to bring this about—the improved methods of education and the disappearance of the chaperone.

Chaperonette was a positive disease in the Victorian time, quite as common as appendicitis is now. But just as people remove the appendix because it is unnecessary, so they have removed the chaperone because she is unnecessary. Nobody thinks of Mrs. Grundy nowadays. She is so near death that she hardly matters.

"The girls of to-day are eager, they are really; they want to learn, they are critical and want to know how and why. They hold their hearts high, and let them beat, and let themselves enjoy and be happy and taste things to the full.

"It is easier to be miserable for most people. Young people think for themselves far more than they did. They are not forced to learn all kinds of useless things in which they have no interest. The education of to-day is like a warm blanket which is applied in the proper way and draws out all that is inside."

THE DEADLY COCKROACH

A Carrier of Dangerous Disease
Germs in Same Category as Fly

Cockroaches carry diseases. They are almost as dangerous as the house fly, to which medical research has traced the spread of germ diseases and through a campaign of publicity has educated the public to wage merciless war upon them.

Now science is camping upon the trail of the roach, having pronounced it a death-dealing agent. Kill him at sight. He is a menace to your life and the lives of your children.

Evidence as to roaches spreading other diseases is direct, but there is no doubt they play an important part in the dissemination of diphtheria, tonsillitis and tuberculosis, carrying the organisms on their feet and in the intestinal canal.

Cockroaches over-run kitchens, pantries, garages, bedrooms, and decaying matter, picking up particles with their feet, or feelers, and dropping them later in another place. When hundreds and thousands of cockroaches do this, the amount of matter they carry from place to place is larger than the average housewife considers possible.

Flourid of sodium will exterminate the cockroach. It is a dry, white powder, and costs but 15 cents a pound.

It should be so distributed that the roach will walk in it. A small quantity adheres to their feet or antennae and the insect cleanses them with its mouth. It should be spread in thin layers in runways where it will remain dry and powdery. With a blow it should be spread on cracks, pipe holes, spaces behind moulding, pantry shelves, cupboards and wherever cockroaches are noticed travelling about. In small quantities the powder is not dangerous, although when it is used in pantries it is always best to avoid dishes and pans before using them to wash off any particles of the powder which might make one sick.

Keep Needlework Clean

When engaged on delicate needlework a good idea is to have a little work in a saucer: by you and to dip your fingers in it from time to time. This will not only keep the hands dry, but the work beautifully clean.

Water Kills Smell of Paint
Destroy the smell of paint by placing patfals of cold water in the rooms which are being painted. Change the water night and morning, and, when possible, add a handful of bay to the water in each pail.

**DON'T
FORGET
THE
WAR VETERAN
WHEN YOU HAVE
A
JOB TO OFFER**

Please notify
CENTRAL PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE
EDMONTON,
Howard Stutchbury, Secy.
OR
WAR VETERANS CLUB (CALGARY)
Wm. Alderd, Asst. Secy.

FUNDAMENTAL BASIS OF LIFE

Protoplasm Has Furnished the Scientific Basis of a Most Interesting Subject for Discussion.

Protoplasm—the literal translation of which means "the first man made"—was the name given by a German scientist in 1840 to the fine granular, semi-fluid contents of vegetable cells. It looks like the white of an egg, and it can be analyzed into four elements, namely, carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen and oxygen. It is now recognized as the fundamental basis for all life; the smallest particles of it are the smallest particles of the cycle of life—free motion, feeding, feeding and reproduction. When in some unconscious way it grows into a bran for a covering, or a little nucleus, a kernel somewhere within it—science calls it a cell. These cells are the same in plants and animals. Prof. Jacques Loeb showed the importance of this fact. Although plants, he explained, have no nervous system, they have "instinctive movements." In analysis of instincts, he found together, in the cell common to the plant and the animal, the same chemical reactions (as some day, perhaps, the tree of life and the serpent may be bound); and he called their reflex actions "protoplasmic movements." He pointed out that tropisms are mechanical acts—that moth and fly and ivy leaf move, in spite of themselves, in chemical subjection to light, heat and odors (which the scientist calls emanations).—From the Metropolitan.

MEN OF SUBSTANCE SERVING THE KING

Sons of Wealthy Canadian Families
Enlisted as Privates—Professional Men in Rank

As with Great Britain, so with Canada, the call to arms met with a keen response from the ranks of the millionaires and the "well-to-do." In Britain the casualty lists gave the stipendiary of British officers as a class. Illustrative of the spirit which impelled Canada's rich or "well-to-do" citizens to place their personal services at the disposal of the Empire is an unpublished story from Eastern Ontario. A young lieutenant of 30 years of age, a millionaire in his own right, was among the first to enlist. His family opposed the idea vigorously, but to no avail. "If I, a trained man, refuse to go to war," what sort of example would I set for the rest of Canada?" he demanded. On the day when the troops embarked for France his brother went to the railway station and offered to equip an entire regiment at his own expense if the young lieutenant would stay behind. "I will not," replied the officer, "but it has nothing to do with duty."

In such commercial centres as Toronto and Montreal the evidence of patriotism on the part of sons of well known families stand out plainly. So far from the rest of the world, Mr. Clarence J. McNeill, a Montreal financier of wide reputation, is in the same regiment on active service. Sons of the two great Canadian banks, the Bank of Montreal and the Bank of Commerce, are also serving. Mr. Norwott, Captain J. K. L. Ross, and sons of other wealthy families are also serving. Instances are not uncommon where the sons of officers are assigned to commands where a brother or a nephew is a private in the ranks.

Toronto shows an imposing list of a similar character. Sons of judges are acting as privates, and young men are going up with every luxury and swallowing the hardest of the military camp and rolling in a blanket for their bed. A few names selected from a long list express the sentiment better than description: Victor Vandermass, Lawton Ridout, T. J. Delamater, son of Col. Delamater, Bertram Nevitt, son of Dr. Nevitt, Roy Nordheimer, Dr. John Colquhoun, Prof. A. W. M. Ellis, Harold Sheppard, Roger and Eric Pepler, sons of B. E. P. Pepler of Barrie; Hugh Ince, two sons of Sir John Gibson, two sons of Lockhart Gordon, Douglas Mason, and these are only typical of many others.

Such men as Colonel Mercer, commanding the Queen's Own Rifles, Turner, of Quebec; Colonel Currie of the Highlanders; Colonel J. E. Cobos of the Westland; Colonel A. C. Macdonald, and these are only typical of many others.

ROOSTS FOR CHICKENS

Flat Perches the Best—Birds Should Not Huddle Together

James G. Halpin, a poultry expert, lays much of the blame for mortality among young chickens during the early winter months from rous and similar diseases to a neglect on the part of their owners in not seeing that they are placed on roosts early in the season.

"When chickens are left out on frosty nights in an improvised shelter they are sure to huddle close together, and in this way the bodily temperature is raised far above normal, making it easy for them to catch cold, which often leads to fatal diseases. Feather development, so important to fowls in the North, is also retarded as a result of these improper housing methods.

The charge that "crooked breast" is a sure result of placing chickens on roosts too early in the season is partially refuted by Mr. Halpin, who believes that by using flat perches most of the danger from that trouble may be avoided. He recommends that by four, turn edgeways, be used for roosts where the span to be covered is over eight feet.

An electric machine that works automatically has been invented for stuffing sausage.

OUR WATERWAYS

Their Development of Great Interest to All Parts of Canada.

The development of Canada's inland waterways should be proceeded with a pamphlet lately issued by the Great Waterways Union deals with the problem in a comprehensive and convincing manner. Transportation, we are reminded, is the most important material and economic question before the people to-day. Transportation by water on a frigateless ship-way is not only cheaper than by rail but can be much quicker. According to the United States Interstate Commerce Commission, the average cost of moving freight by rail in a recent year was 7.48 mills per ton per mile. For the same year the cost of moving freight by the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence route was .84 of one mill per ton per mile, or one-ninth of the average rail rate. The average cost of handling freight by the various water ways of the United States is one-tenth of what it is by the railways. All money spent on the improvement of American waterways has returned to the people of the United States dividends of 100 to 200 per cent. annually in reduced freight rates.

From Lake Superior Westward
In European countries where the people own and operate the railways, the most is made of natural water transportation for the benefit of trade and the general public. In countries, however, where railways are operated chiefly by private corporations, natural advantages are more likely to be neglected. The result of this neglect in Canada is to be seen not only in the inadequate development of water connection from Montreal to the Upper Lakes. It is quite as noticeable in the failure to provide water transportation from Lake Superior to the Western Provinces via the Lake of the Woods, Lake Winnipeg, the Saskatchewan and other rivers. We, this route developed, not only would it provide for an enormously increased volume of traffic, especially of grain and coal, but it would result in a great lowering of the freight charged by the railways.

Through the Prairies
As to the feasibility of water transportation across the Canadian prairies, Dr. Robert W. Peake, of London, England, writes: "Whenever I have been out West I have been struck with the fact that no organized and effective effort has hitherto been made to use those magnificent waterways. I do not know whether you have ever been down the Durance as I have been, and watched the huge flat barges carrying very often 3,000 tons, half a dozen of them in tow of a small tug, and all laden with grain. The cost of carrying grain by this route is infinitesimal; and were a system of this sort adopted in the West, the value to the vast grain-growing Prairie Provinces would be incalculable." Professor A. B. Wilmett believes that a large canal, such as the one of small expense from Edmonton to Winnipeg, and adds that a similar waterway from Winnipeg to the head of Lake Superior would, if constructed at reasonable cost, indefinitely lower freight charges.

REVIVE FARMING

The Need of Getting in Touch With the Most Progressive Farmers

Mr. Roosevelt has summed up the need for a "revival" of farming in the following words: "The English-speaking people, not only in America but of Great Britain and the colonies, must wake up to the fact that for over half a century every wise advancement in the line of proper development of farming life has taken place in certain progressive States of Continental Europe. . . . I hope a very full study will be made of the Irish rural situation, because in that country most progressive farmers are reorganizing their business upon lines of certain progressive States of Continental Europe. . . . I have mentioned that Canada is in the same position as the United States so far as the need for reform is concerned may be accepted as a general conclusion. During two months of last year this agricultural country, which hopes to be "the bread basket of the Empire," imported eleven million dozen of eggs, and millions of pounds of butter. Something is radically wrong when a rich farming country cannot feed itself. Saskatchewan appointed two delegates to accompany an American Commission of Inquiry which sailed for Europe this spring. Every other Province should be represented as well. The expense is not heavy, and the opportunities for investigation will be exceptionally great.

The Northwest Brass Foundry Company, Limited, operating at present thirteen factories in the United States and two in Canada, will establish a plant in Calgary, costing \$300,000, and employing 500 men.

Full of Years and Patriotism
S. V. Dymovitch, the Czar's oldest soldier, born in 1813, recently walked a distance of 120 miles with the avowed intention of enlisting as a volunteer, though he was not accepted. He lives in the village where he was born, and has in his time taken part in many campaigns, having begun his military career under the Emperor Nicholas I. For his valor in the Polish war he was raised to the rank of sub-lieutenant.

SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES

In the Municipality of the City of Red Deer, the Red Deer Public School District Number 104, and the Red Deer Separate School District Number 17, of the Province of Alberta, for arrears of taxes and costs.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain lands in the Municipality of the City of Red Deer, the Red Deer Public School District Number 104, and the Red Deer Separate School District Number 17, will be offered for sale, for arrears of taxes and costs, on Monday, October 1st, A.D. 1917, at the City Hall, Ross Avenue, in the City of Red Deer, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m.

A full list of the lands to be offered for sale may be found in the issues of "The News," a newspaper published in the City of Red Deer on the following dates, viz.—Wednesday, July 25th, August 1st, 8th and 15th, 1917.

And unless the arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid, the undersigned Secretary-Treasurer of the City of Red Deer will proceed to sell the lands referred to for taxes and costs on the day and at the time, and place above mentioned.

A. T. STEPHENSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

To Albert Thorburn Stephenson, Esquire,
Secretary-Treasurer, City of Red Deer.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:—
I, George Wilbur Smith, Mayor of the City of Red Deer, by virtue of the powers in me vested under the provisions of the Municipal Ordinance as Mayor of the City of Red Deer command you to levy upon the lands in the list hereto annexed, and certify to the City of Red Deer, and the seal of the Corporation of the City of Red Deer, for the arrears of taxes due and owing thereon respectively to the City of Red Deer, with your costs incidental thereto, and proceed to sell the said lands, so as to raise the amount due, and certify to the City of Red Deer for such arrears of taxes, and your costs, and proceed thereupon for the recovery of the said sums respectively as the law directs, and for your so doing this shall be your warrant and authority.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the corporate seal of the City of Red Deer this 20th day of July, A.D. 1917.

(Signed) G. W. SMITH,
Mayor.

WHERE CANADA LAGS

Technical and Industrial Education
Performs Wonders in Europe

Dr. J. W. Robertson, who investigated technical schools and industrial training for the Dominion Government as chairman of the commission which looked into these matters abroad, states that the claim that Canada and the United States are not doing as well as the best schools in the world "is a commiseration of the rottenest kind." Dr. Robertson leaves no doubt as to his opinion on the subject by quoting scores of cases wherein the Dominion is hopelessly behind many of the European countries.

In Canada, on virgin soil, the western grain grower is proud of a maximum of 20 bushels per acre, but in Britain, Dr. Robertson points out, farmers raise 36 bushels on soil under cultivation for over 30 years. This is due to industrial training and the system of technical education in vogue in the Old Country. And as confirmatory of this a published report on conditions in Russia may be consulted. This report will prove a surprise to Canadians who have been so accustomed to look upon the Czar's country as a backward and unenlightened state. In the ten years from 1898 to 1908 Russia's population increased from 130 millions to 171 millions, a higher birth rate being shown than in any other country in Europe. Not only has Russia's population thus grown, but her productivity has increased in proportion. From 1902 to 1911 her exports of wheat rose from 100 millions to 139 millions—an increase of 39 per cent. This agricultural advance, says the report, has been aided by the state, "which has instituted technical schools in many places throughout the country, and these already have some 10,000 pupils; agricultural banks have also been established to care for the needs of the farmers, and of these latter there are now 17,000."

CANADA'S POPULATION

Census population, 1911, 7,206,645, increase of 34 per cent. in ten years. Canada's estimated population now 8,200,000.

Canada's population to square mile, 193; Great Britain, 471; Germany, 310; France, 190; United States, 25. Canada's percentage of population: Rural, 55; Urban, 45. United States, 21 and 79.

Percentage growth of provinces in ten years: Alberta, 413; Saskatchewan, 439; British Columbia, 119; Manitoba, 78; Quebec, 10; New Brunswick, 8; Nova Scotia, 7; Prince Edward Island, decrease of 9 per cent.

Western Canada population increase ten years, 174 per cent.; Eastern Canada, 17 per cent.

It is estimated that there are 3,000,000 Canadian-born or of Canadian descent in the United States.

The Savage's Brain

The savage found a champion in Mr. W. McDougall, who lectured on "The Mind of Savage Man" at the Royal Institution, London.

Fifteen years ago, he said, he was one of a party of scientists who journeyed to Torres Strait, and in carrying out their investigations they discovered that the head measurement, or cranial capacity, of the natives was just about the same as that of the average Oxford undergraduate. Mr. McDougall dealt chiefly with his experiences of a savage tribe in the interior of Borneo, who live in houses a hundred yards long, raised on twenty-foot poles, with chambers for each family and a long corridor for the communal life of the joint tenants.

WHAT NEUTRALITY MEANS

Nation Not at War Must Follow Definite Course of Action

The main principle of the doctrine of neutrality is that, while other nations are at war, those which are at peace are able, without molesting the belligerents, to pursue their ordinary business. Neutral countries, however, must show absolute impartiality in their dealings with the combatants, while the latter must scrupulously respect the neutral position of countries at peace. Germany's greatest crime in that she, in defiance of all international law, ignored the neutrality of Belgium, because that country stood in the way of swift invasion of France.

A neutral State is not permitted to give armed assistance to either belligerent, even though such aid may have been promised before the war. Neither must she lend money to either side, guarantee a loan, or allow the use of land, wharves, or other facilities through her territory. The reason why thousands of British Naval Brigade and Belgian troops are interned in Holland is because a neutral State is bound to intern and disarm any troops which attempt to traverse her territory. If a neutral State does not observe this law and assist any belligerent force which may be driven into her country, the enemy is entitled to treat such a deviation as a just cause for war.

On the other hand a belligerent is not permitted to carry on hostilities in neutral territory, nor use neutral harbors for the purpose of fitting out expeditions against his enemy.

The ships of neutral nations are entitled to go about their business in the usual way, provided they are not carrying contraband of war; but they are liable to be searched by belligerent ships. Belligerent ships may not be fitted out in neutral waters, but if they are driven by force of circumstances into a neutral harbor they may be supplied with sufficient coal to enable them to proceed on their voyage. They must, however, leave a neutral port within twenty-four hours, or be "interned" for the rest of the war—that is to say, the neutral authorities must see that the ship is dismantled until the end of the war.

The term contraband applies to articles which may be regarded as likely to help belligerents to prolong the war, and the transportation of such articles by neutral ships is prohibited by international law. The list of articles includes arms of all kinds, explosives, military clothing and equipment, boats and in certain circumstances foodstuffs, bullion, field apparatus, horse equipment, and all kinds of nautical instruments.

HUMAN LOCUSTS

Men Who Rot the Soil and Pass on to New Fields

As head of the Irish Department of Agriculture Sir Horace Plunkett has done marvels in raising farming conditions in the Emerald Isle. In a recent speech regarding agriculture on the North American continent Sir Horace spoke with some vigor of the men who exploited virgin wheat lands until they were exhausted and then removed to farther west. He said: "I have seen almost a generation of so-called farmers in a portion of the corn-belt passing like locusts over the soil, robbing it of its fertility—in order to meet the financial exigencies arising from purchasing on credit more farm land than they could cultivate—selling out on a profit made by immigration and railroad development, and passing on to repeat the process further west. Canada is now about to let us hope, is the last of these human locusts."

Poultry Hints

Keep pure-bred stock.
Keep your stock healthy and strong.
Keep your own stock good at any cost.
Use your customers a little better than they expect.
Do not try to save the best cockerels for breeding purposes. Select the big, robust ones, those with masculinity, and that give appearance of transmitting their characteristics.



THESE little rosy-cheeked sunshine tots have sunshine in their hearts for Dominion Toasted Corn Flakes.

These golden toothsome flakes, the kind with the flavor, have solved a big problem for mothers everywhere.

Always Packed
WAXTITE
Made by
KELLOGG TOASTED CORN
FLAKE COMPANY
Toronto and Battle Creek

THE FARMERS' MARKET

FOR
Grain, Hogs & Cattle

We buy any quantity and PAY CASH. See us before you sell.

Office: Ross Street West

Phone 45.

Night Phone 69.

H. M. TRIMBLE

Lacombe - Red Deer - Eckville

The Needs of the Horse

Are no greater than our ability to fill them.

From Complete Sets of
HARNESS

To single pieces, and the many little things required for repairs. We can supply the goods that will give satisfaction.

The Jarvis-Goodey Harness Co. Ltd.

PHONE 46.

LICENSED CHIMNEY SWEEP

Having secured a new machine direct from England, I will clean stoves, furnaces, pipes and chimneys. I have the only machine in the city. I also repair and build chimneys. Work guaranteed.
P.O. Box 246 E. HASTE Phone 7

P.O. Box 167

PHONE 265

OUR BOTTLED
MILK

is strictly pure with all the cream left in just as it comes from the cow. And it comes from farms where every attention is paid to sanitation and cleanliness. Try this milk and you'll find it rich and sweet. Sold at the ordinary price, it is far better than ordinary milk.

Try us for Ice Cream, Creamery Butter, Cream, Milk and Eggs

Hepworth & Trimble
RED DEER

Branches at PINE LAKE and BOWDEN

The Shooting Season Opens September 1st

The shooting this year promises to be even better than last. The country is alive with ducks and the sloughs are not too deep.

Here you will find a complete line of Hunters' Supplies, including:

**Winchester, Remington and
Marlin Pump Guns**
Single and Double Barrel Shot Guns
with hammer and hammerless

Hunting Coats, Vests, Gun Cases, Game Carriers,
Recoil Pads, Gun Oil, Grease and Gun Cleaners.

Ammunition

A complete stock of Sovereign, U. M. C. and Peters
Shells in all sizes.

Day Hardware

ROSS ST.

RED DEER

Back To School Again on Tuesday

All the boys and girls who were promoted are sure to need new school books and a supply of scribbles, pencils, etc., etc. We have an abundant supply of everything required for school use, and a full stock of

TEXT BOOKS for ALL GRADES

Practically all our Stock of School Supplies was bought some time ago, before prices advanced, so we are able to offer most lines at same prices as last season, notwithstanding the great advances on all paper goods, etc.

Ask for a List of School Books and Supplies. It's Free

OUR SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER

The Famous KIDDIE-KAR for boys and girls, two sizes \$2.00 and \$2.50

We are giving one Coupon free with every 50c purchase of School Books and School Supplies.

20 Coupons and \$1.00 will buy the \$2.00 size KIDDIE-KAR

25 Coupons and \$1.25 will buy the \$2.50 size KIDDIE-KAR

Save the Coupons. Get your friends to help you. Every boy and girl should have a KIDDIE-KAR

The Rexall Store

The Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co.

GETTING READY

To Receive Fall Goods:

FORCED TO MAKE ROOM

Cup and Saucer, 10c: Regular \$2.00 doz.

These Cups and Saucers were slightly chipped at the factory, but will give a lot of wear. Only 50 doz.

Big White Cover Vegetable Dish, reg. 75c and 85c, special 25c each

14 inch Platter, reg. 50c, for 25c

Jelly Glasses, 60c doz.

Come in useful for Table Glasses when empty.

Jelly Moulds, 70c doz.

And Lots More Specials going at Low Prices.

Remember - We are making room
for Fall Goods

Brazier's Novelty Store

Local and District Intelligence

Harold Ware was in the city over the holiday.

Colvin Chadsey teaches at the Calgary visiting friends over Labor Day.

Miss Gladys Alford was up from Calgary visiting friends over Labor Day.

Miss Hilda Pyke, of Calgary, was visiting friends in the city over the holiday.

Mrs. Fitzgerald and Miss Fitzgerald, of Winnipeg, are visiting Mrs. E. A. Bonick.

Miss Ada Dale left Sunday for Hanna, where she will take charge of the primary department there.

Ernest George, of the Northern Crown Bank, Edmonton, was home over the week-end.

Miss Rose returned from Medicine Hat last week and resumed her duties at the Land office.

Mr. Nelson Graves, of Thabesville, arrived to visit his brother, Mr. E. Graves, for some weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Swanson returned last week after a visit with Mrs. Swanson's parents near Daysland.

Ranchers coming to Red Deer once a year, can now obtain at John McVicar's a good stock of Christmas goods.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Thompson returned last week from a motor trip to Coronation and other east country points.

Miss Irene McIntosh resumes teaching at Hill End, while Miss Winnie McIntosh, also of Willowdale, takes the Hillsdown school.

A meeting of the Red Cross Society will be held in the Library, at 4 p.m. on Monday, September 10th. Will all Red Cross members kindly keep this in mind.

People who have relatives at the front and who change their address would confer a favor by leaving their names at the C. P. R. telegraph office, in case of casualty messages.

Mr. Stickle was home from Normal School, Camrose, over the week-end. He reports a real interesting attendance at Normal School, mostly young ladies, but expects a full attendance of pupils after Christmas.

The many friends in Red Deer of Major (Rev.) C. W. G. Moore, D.S.O., now in military service at the front, will be glad to hear of his election as a fellow of the Royal Colonial Institute, of London, Eng.

Mrs. Cottingham left Saturday evening for Moose Jaw, where she will be with Miss Cottingham who is in the grain distribution department of the Dominion Lands Office. Mrs. and Miss Cottingham will probably return about Christmas.

Mr. Kingman Knott, Robins, secretary-treasurer of the Associated Mortgage Investors, of Rochester, N.Y., and Mr. John A. Ward, of Shirley, Illinois; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. W. Lent, and Mr. E. B. Menard, of Calgary, were in Red Deer this week, calling upon Mr. R. B. Welliver, district agent of the Associated Mortgage Investors. Mr. Robins remained for a day or two as Mrs. Welliver's guest.

Malcolm Hoskins, son of Mr. Wm. Hoskins, Grandview, Red Deer, is at the Memorial Hospital after an operation necessitated by a kick in the face he received from one of his teammates. He had taken the route east on Wednesday and had gone to hitch up his horses after taking dinner at Mr. Wm. O'Connor's, when one of them lashed out striking him above the left eye, splintering the bone somewhat, and cutting the eye circle severely.

N. A. Kilburn, who returned from Winnipeg last week, intends making his home in Edmonton in the future and will remove his family to that city in a few days. Mr. Kilburn's promotion in the Company he represents made this step necessary. Mr. and Mrs. Kilburn have made many warm friends during their residence in the city who will regret to hear of their departure, and wish them all happiness and success in their new home.

"The Third Nation" put on at the Lyric Wednesday evening last by The United Producing Company, Limited, was the greatest moving picture show ever exhibited in Red Deer, and Mr. Towle is to be congratulated on bringing this now famous production to our city. There was a crowd of people present at a dollar admission although there was room for about fifty more in the front which would have been filled if it had been advertised better. We understand Mr. Towle intends giving the citizens some further high-class productions in the near future.

Mrs. T. M. Wright left Monday for Calgary where she has accepted a position as instructor at the Sacred Indian Reserve under Archdeacon Tims. Miss Gladys Wright has also secured a splendid position in the highest military establishment in Calgary. The News regrets Mrs. Wright's removal from the city, but no doubt she will return at the close of the war. Mrs. Wright will be missed more particularly by the Soldiers' Wives' Club, of which she was president. As a worker in St. Luke's Church, she will also be sadly missed as she was always very active in an entertainment led by the women of the church.

Miss Tomasek, of Penhold, run a new Chevrolet to Lacombe a week ago Sunday, and was quite a success as the roads were very slippery in the morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Osgood McHugh and family, of Stroms, who have been visiting friends in the city and district for some time, left on Monday for home.

Mrs. M. Blackmore, of Bridgefield, Wash., is visiting her nephew, E. R. Hill and Mrs. Hill. She is 80 years of age and as spry and young acting as many persons twenty years or so younger.

The September 1st War Cry had a lot of a bridal party composed of Brigadier Hay and Captain Acton and his bride, Mrs. Captain Deaumont. Captain and Mrs. Acton have taken charge of the Salvation Army work in Red Deer.

Mr. Gallagher, who has been a member of the R.N.W.M.P. for some time, and has been doing duty at Twin Lakes, Southern Alberta, has resigned from the force and expects to join up with some of the drafts for overseas service. He is visiting friends in Red Deer at the present time.

It now transpires that all the pupils of Grade IX, who studied in Red Deer, have passed their departmental examination, as Miss Laura Adella Oldford's name, of Horn Hill, was in the list but spelled wrongly. This is a splendid record for our school, and the teachers may feel justly proud of it.

The Pastor of the Baptist Church urges the boys and girls of the Sunday School to be on hand next Sunday to begin preparation for the Sunday School rally.

First Baptist Church, Rev. L. E. Brough, Pastor. Next Sunday the Pastor will preach two sermons of interesting themes, viz. in the morning, "Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those that trespass against us," and in the evening, "Lead us not into temptation."

Sunday School at 12 o'clock sharp. The public are welcome to these services.

Next Sunday afternoon Rev. L. E. Brough will preach at Poplar Ridge on the subject "The prayer of those who are tested."

The members of the Baptist Church are asked to remember the business meeting tonight at 8 p.m.

Rev. L. E. Brough has just finished a season of helpful visitation among the people of Cross Roads and Poplar Ridge. He reports a most cordial and hospital entrance into the homes of the people. Many kind and appreciative words were also spoken in regard to the weekly service held in the Schoolhouse. One man remarked that it was up to the people to do all in their power to support the work, because of the value the service is to the community.

The services at St. Luke's Church on Sunday, Sept. 9th, will be Holy Communion, 8 a.m., and Morning Prayer at 11 a.m. Evening Prayer at 7.30 p.m. The preacher, both morning and evening, will be the Right Rev. the Bishop of Calgary. The Sunday School will meet at 2.30 p.m. in the Parish Hall.

The parents, teachers and scholars of the Presbyterian Sunday School are reminded that the School resumes its meetings in the afternoon next Sunday at 3 o'clock. The united services having closed last Sunday, the congregation will meet for morning and evening worship at the usual hours.

A couple of enthusiastic C. P. R. sportsmen hired a car on Sunday and sought eastern fields for duck sport. They found it. Bunched up in great big chunks. It was raining coming home. They got stuck in a mud hole. They pushed the old gas wagon up the hill and skidded down the other side. At last they couldn't push or skid any more. They tried to hire somebody to draw them home or pull them out of the mud while the rain drops gently trickled down their neck, but it was no go. At last they gave up in disgust and came home in the early hours of Sunday morn. sadder but wiser men.

W.C.T.U. MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the W.C.T.U. was held at the home of Mrs. Sprinnett on Friday, Aug. 31st, with good attendance of members. The officers for the ensuing year were elected, and except for a few minor changes they remain as formerly, viz. President—Mrs. McMillan. Vice-Pres.—Mrs. McVicar. Rec.-Sec'y—Miss Armstrong. Cor.—Mrs. Graves. Press Cor.—Mrs. F. W. Gaetz. Treasurer—Miss High. Supt. of Depts.—Mrs. Houston. Evangelist—Mrs. Brenner. Scientific Temperance—Mrs. F. W. Gaetz. Flowers, Fruit, Delicacy—Mrs. Seagrave. Mrs. Cole, Mrs. Carswell. Mrs. Stanway. Parlor Meetings—Mrs. Young. Red Cross—Mrs. Markle. Lumber Camps—Mrs. Hill. Social Purty—Mrs. R. L. Gaetz. Literature—Mrs. Kelly. Little White Ribbons—Mrs. Baker. White Ribbon Bulletin—Mrs. Baile. Medal Contest—Miss Ramsey. Mrs. Seagrave. L. S. L.—Mrs. Brenner. Mrs. F. W. Gaetz. Organist—Mrs. Seagrave.

Germans on Italian Front

UDINE, Italy, Sept. 3.—German troops appeared for the first time on the Carso front Thursday morning, according to Austrian prisoners. The Austrians are rushing reinforcements to the Italian front from the Russian-Rumanian front, the prisoners say.

Officers Asked to Report

The Military Authorities ask us to insert the following: Headquarters, Military District No. 13, Calgary, Alberta.

All officers who have served in the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and who are resident in Alberta, are requested to communicate with the District Officer Commanding, Military District No. 13, in writing. This being in connection with the organization of the C.E.F. Reserve of Officers.

LOST—GARNET SUNBURST brooch on Tuesday; finder please leave at C.P.R. Depot for reward. D. J. Gunn, Red Deer. Sep. 5, 1.w.1.

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES IN the Military Department as apprentices. W. E. Lord Co., Ltd. Aug. 22, 1.w.

WANTED—A MARRIED COUPLE to occupy residence and look after offices on 1st Street South, Mrs. Collison & Sanders. Aug. 15, t.f.

EXPERIENCED MAID WANTED—Apply to Mrs. Wm. Hammond, 1st Street South-east, Parkvale, Red Deer. July 16, t.f.

LOST—A PAIR OF GOLD MOUNTAIN Spectacles in case, Fair week. Finder please leave at "News" office and receive suitable reward. Mrs. Esther Sand, Ed. Aug. 5, 2.w.

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES IN the Military Department as apprentices. W. E. Lord Co., Ltd. Aug. 22, 1.w.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—Fully modern eight-roomed brick house, four bed rooms, very centrally located, being opposite City Offices and Fire Hall on Ross St. \$35 per month on yearly lease. For further information inquire of the present tenant, Miss S. Lowden, or to W. E. Chadsey, Box 2726, Edmonton, Alta. Aug. 29, t.f.

FARMERS The Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Company of Wawanesa, Man. Organized in 1896

A Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company which insures

FARM PROPERTY only, is owned entirely by its policy holders. The largest and strongest Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Canada. On December 31st, 1906, had 33,107 farmers insured and had assets over liabilities of \$102,545. Does business on the Cash or Assessment plan. Rates about 50 per cent. lower than Stock companies for the same protection. Assessments from 12 1/2 to 15 per cent. lower than any other assessment company.

See me before renewing your policies, and save your money. Office over Ball's Meat Market.

JOHN PERCIVAL, District Agent, Red Deer. Sept. 4, 4.w.

SYLVAN LAKE. LAKEVIEW BOARDING HOUSE

Is now open for the summer season, and all resorters spending their holidays at Sylvan Lake are made welcome.

F. D. McCRIMMON

Is one of your most valuable possessions. Slight headaches mean something. You had better come in and let us examine your eyes, for a pair of glasses now may save you much annoyance later on.

H. H. HUMBER Jeweller Optician RED DEER

JACK FULTON'S

WEEKLY MEN'S WEAR NEWS

HATS

New Fall Styles that give the satisfaction which comes from owning and wearing the best

\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00

HOSIERY,

Our Renegade Cashmere and Jaeger pure Wool Hosiery is unsurpassed for durability and comfort

35c to 75c per pair

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT,

New Tweeds, neat patterns, - \$15.00 & \$20.00

Fancy Worsteds, very serviceable, Special \$18.00

Blue Serge Suits, Indigo dyes, \$18.00 to \$32.00

Also a big range of Greys and Browns, all moderately priced

Our 20th Century Made-to-Order Department guarantees you absolute fit, style and quality protection

SEE US ABOUT THAT NEW SUIT

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Court of confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Rocky Mountain House: TAKE NOTICE that His Honor Judge Mahaffy, Judge of the District Court of Red Deer, will, at the Sittings of the Court, at Rocky Mountain House on Tuesday, the 23rd day of October, 1917, confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Rocky Mountain House dated at Rocky Mountain House this 23rd day of August, 1917. STANLEY WILSON, Secretary-Treasurer Village of Rocky Mountain House. Aug. 29, 8.w.

A Mechanical Difficulty

such as a broken casting, may be quickly and effectively solved by my Ox-Acetylene Welder.

Mechanical Repairs of every description Cycles and Cycle Repairs

W. R. DAVIS

"Win-the-War Address"

STRONG, INTERESTING, VITALISING.

JOSEPH REID, M.A.,

42 years Teacher, will give his popular Lecture on

"THE DUTY OF THE HOUR"

I.O.O.F. Hall, Wednesday, Sept. 12th,

AT 8.15 PROMPT

This talk awakens, convinces, cheers, inspires, therefore Come Everybody

A full pocket cannot thrive on an empty soul—Strike a balance At this crisis Mental armour is worth much to you!

Proceeds for Patriotic Purposes.

Admission: Collection. Men in Khaki and the mothers free

Don't Delay!

If you have been thinking of buying a few pieces of new Furniture this fall, don't delay.

DO IT NOW

Wholesale Prices on Furniture are steadily increasing day by day. Some lines are costing us today just twice as much as they did in 1915, and there seems no hope for any sudden drop in the near future

TAKE OUR ADVICE

Make a note of your requirements and come in and let us quote you prices on them

Our stock is now quite complete in all lines, and as long as it lasts we will protect you on further advances, but DON'T DELAY, come in while the assortment is good. You will find

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

In fact we are to-day selling some lines at less than the present wholesale prices

A SPLENDID BARGAIN

We have one only Fine Range and two good Heaters which we are going to clear out at less than wholesale. If you need a stove it will pay you to see these

The Best Furniture Co. Ltd.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

51 FIRST SOUTH

RED DEER, ALTA